



Clam AntiVirus 0.88.7
User Manual

Contents

1	Introduction	6
1.1	Features	6
1.2	Mailing lists	7
1.3	Virus submitting	7
2	Base package	7
2.1	Supported platforms	7
2.2	Binary packages	8
2.3	Daily built snapshots	10
3	Installation	11
3.1	Requirements	11
3.2	Installing on a shell account	11
3.3	Adding new system user and group	12
3.4	Compilation of base package	12
3.5	Compilation with clamav-milter enabled	12
4	Configuration	13
4.1	clamd	13
4.1.1	On-access scanning	13
4.2	clamav-milter	14
4.3	Testing	14
4.4	Setting up auto-updating	15
4.5	Closest mirrors	16
5	Usage	16
5.1	Clam daemon	16
5.2	Clamdscan	17
5.3	Clamuko	17
5.4	Output format	18
5.4.1	clamscan	18
5.4.2	clamd	19
6	LibClamAV	20
6.1	Licence	20
6.2	Features	20
6.2.1	Archives and compressed files	20
6.2.2	Mail files	21

6.3	API	21
6.3.1	Header file	21
6.3.2	Database loading	21
6.3.3	Error handling	22
6.3.4	Database structure	22
6.4	Database reloading	23
6.4.1	Data scan functions	23
6.4.2	Memory	26
6.4.3	clamav-config	26
6.4.4	Example	26
6.5	CVD format	26
7	Frequently Asked Questions	27
8	Third party software	31
8.1	<i>MTA + ClamAV</i>	31
8.1.1	amavisd-new	31
8.1.2	AMaViS - "Next Generation"	31
8.1.3	ClamdMail	32
8.1.4	Clement	32
8.1.5	cgpav	32
8.1.6	ClamCour	32
8.1.7	clamfilter	33
8.1.8	ClamSMTP	33
8.1.9	clapf	33
8.1.10	DSPamPD	33
8.1.11	exiscan	33
8.1.12	Gadoyanvirus	33
8.1.13	hMailServer	34
8.1.14	IVS Milter	34
8.1.15	j-chkmail	34
8.1.16	Mail Avenger	34
8.1.17	Mailnees	35
8.1.18	MailScanner	35
8.1.19	Maverix	35
8.1.20	MIMEDefang	35
8.1.21	mxGuard for IMail	35
8.1.22	OdeiaVir	35
8.1.23	OpenProtect	36
8.1.24	Protea AntiVirus Tools	36
8.1.25	PSCM	36

8.1.26	PTSMail Utilities	36
8.1.27	pymavis	36
8.1.28	Qmail-Scanner	37
8.1.29	qpsmtp	37
8.1.30	qscanq	37
8.1.31	qSheff	37
8.1.32	RevolSys SMTP kit for Postfix	37
8.1.33	Sagator	37
8.1.34	Scrubber	38
8.1.35	Secure Mail Intelligence!	38
8.1.36	simscan	38
8.1.37	SmarterMail Filter	39
8.1.38	smf-clamd	39
8.1.39	smtpfilter	39
8.1.40	smtp-gated	39
8.1.41	smtp-vilter	39
8.1.42	Zabit	40
8.1.43	zmscanner	40
8.2	<i>MTA + POP3 Proxy + ClamAV</i>	40
8.2.1	ClamMail	40
8.2.2	POP3 Virus Scanner Daemon	40
8.2.3	pop3.proxy	40
8.3	<i>Web/FTP Proxy + ClamAV</i>	41
8.3.1	DansGuardian Anti-Virus Patch	41
8.3.2	Frox	41
8.3.3	HTTP Anti Virus Proxy	41
8.3.4	mod_clamav	41
8.3.5	ClamAV module for ProFTPD	41
8.3.6	SafeSquid	42
8.3.7	SquidClamAV Redirector	42
8.3.8	Squidclam	42
8.3.9	Viralator	42
8.4	<i>Filesystem + ClamAV</i>	43
8.4.1	Dazuko	43
8.4.2	Famuko	43
8.4.3	OpenAntiVirus samba-vscan	43
8.5	<i>Mail User Agent + ClamAV</i>	43
8.5.1	clamailfilter	43
8.5.2	ClamAssassin	43
8.5.3	clamscan-procfilter	44
8.5.4	KMail	44

8.5.5	MyClamMailFilter	44
8.5.6	OpenWebMail	44
8.5.7	QClam	44
8.5.8	QMVC - Qmail Mail and Virus Control	45
8.5.9	Sylpheed-Claws	45
8.5.10	SoftlabsAV	45
8.6	<i>Graphical User Interface + ClamAV</i>	45
8.6.1	AVScan	45
8.6.2	BeClam	46
8.6.3	Clamaktion	46
8.6.4	ClamShell	46
8.6.5	ClamTk	46
8.6.6	clamXav	46
8.6.7	ClamWin	46
8.6.8	FETCAV	47
8.6.9	KlamAV	47
8.6.10	QtClamAVclient	47
8.6.11	wbmclamav	47
8.7	<i>Library + ClamAV</i>	47
8.7.1	ClamAV-Sharp	47
8.7.2	ClamAVPlugin	48
8.7.3	clamavr	48
8.7.4	D bindings for ClamAV	48
8.7.5	File::Scan::ClamAV	48
8.7.6	Mail::ClamAV	48
8.7.7	PHP ClamAV Lib	48
8.7.8	pyclamav	49
8.7.9	WRAVLib	49
8.8	<i>Miscellaneous + ClamAV</i>	49
8.8.1	INSERT	49
8.8.2	Local Area Security	49
8.8.3	mailgraph	49
8.8.4	mailman-clamav	50
8.8.5	Moodle	50
8.8.6	nclamd	50
8.8.7	qmailmrtg7	50
8.8.8	redWall Firewall	50
8.8.9	Scan Log Analyzer	51
8.8.10	snort-inline	51
8.8.11	Snort-ClamAV	51

9 Credits	51
9.1 Database mirrors	51
9.2 Contributors	58
9.3 Donors	68
9.4 Graphics	74
9.5 OpenAntiVirus	74
10 Authors	74

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1 Introduction

Clam AntiVirus is an anti-virus toolkit for UNIX, designed for e-mail scanning on mail gateways. It provides a flexible and scalable multi-threaded daemon, a command line scanner, and an advanced tool for automatic database updating via Internet. The package also includes a virus scanner shared library.

1.1 Features

- Licensed under the GNU General Public License, Version 2
- POSIX compliant, portable
- Fast scanning
- Supports on-access scanning (Linux and FreeBSD only)
- Detects over 75.000 viruses, worms, and trojans, including Microsoft Office and MacOffice macro viruses
- Scans within archives and compressed files (also protects against archive bombs), built-in support includes:
 - Zip
 - RAR (2.0)
 - Tar
 - Gzip
 - Bzip2
 - MS OLE2
 - MS Cabinet Files
 - MS CHM (Compiled HTML)
 - MS SZDD compression format
- Supports Portable Executable files compressed with:
 - UPX
 - FSG
 - Petite
- Powerful mail scanner
- Advanced database updater with support for digital signatures and DNS based database version queries

1.2 Mailing lists

If you have a trouble installing or using ClamAV try to ask on our mailing lists. There are four lists available:

- **clamav-announce@lists.clamav.net** - info about new versions, moderated¹.
- **clamav-users@lists.clamav.net** - user questions
- **clamav-devel@lists.clamav.net** - technical discussions
- **clamav-virusdb@lists.clamav.net** - database update announcements, moderated

You can subscribe and search the mailing list archives at: <http://www.clamav.net/ml.html>

1.3 Virus submitting

If you have got a virus which is not detected by your ClamAV with the latest databases, please check it with the *ClamAV Online Specimen Scanner*:

<http://test-clamav.power-netz.de/>

and then submit it on our website:

<http://www.clamav.net/sendvirus.html>

2 Base package

2.1 Supported platforms

All popular operating systems are supported. Clam AntiVirus was tested on:

- GNU/Linux
- Solaris
- FreeBSD
- OpenBSD ²
- AIX 4.1/4.2/4.3/5.1

¹Subscribers are not allowed to post to the mailing list

²Installation from a port is recommended.

- HP/UX 11.0
- SCO UNIX
- IRIX 6.5.20f
- Mac OS X
- BeOS
- Cobalt MIPS boxes
- Cygwin
- Windows Services for Unix 3.5 (Interix)

Some features may not be available on your operating system. If you are successfully running Clam AntiVirus on a system not listed above please let us know.

2.2 Binary packages

- **Debian**

The package is maintained by Stephen Gran and Thomas Lamy. ClamAV has been officially included in the Debian distribution starting from the Sarge release. Run `apt-cache search clamav` to find the names of the packages available for installation. Unofficial packages for Woody and Sarge are available and they are usually more recent than official ones. Add the following lines to your `/etc/apt/sources.list`:

```
for stable/woody (i386):
deb http://people.debian.org/~sgran/debian woody main
deb-src http://people.debian.org/~sgran/debian woody main
for testing/sarge (i386):
deb http://people.debian.org/~sgran/debian sarge main
deb-src http://people.debian.org/~sgran/debian sarge main
```

Feel free to search for clamav on <http://www.apt-get.org/> too.

- **RedHat - Fedora**

The packages are maintained by Petr Kristof.

Fedora1: <http://crash.fce.vutbr.cz/crash-hat/1/clamav/>

Fedora2: <http://crash.fce.vutbr.cz/crash-hat/2/clamav/>

Devel snapshots: <http://crash.fce.vutbr.cz/crash-hat/testing/2/>

Please follow the instructions at <http://crash.fce.vutbr.cz/yum-repository.html> and then run:

```
yum update clamav  
or  
up2date -u clamav
```

Another very good repository is maintained by Dag Wieers: <http://dag.wieers.com/packages/clamav/>

- **PLD Linux Distribution**

The RPM packages for the Polish(ed) Linux Distribution are maintained by Arkadiusz Miskiewicz (visit <http://www.pld-linux.org/>).

- **Mandrake**

A RPM package for Mandrake is available on Mandrake's mirrors and is maintained by Oden Eriksson. Another set of RPM packages (maintained by Bill Randle) is available at <ftp://ftp.neocat.org/pub/>.

- **Slackware**

Slackware packages without militer support are maintained by Jay Scott Raymond. You can find them at http://webpages.charter.net/jay_scott_raymond/linux/slackages/ If you need militer enabled ClamAV, try Peter Kaagman's packages available at <http://bilbos-stekkie.com/clamav/>
Both of them are also available at <http://www.linuxpackages.net/>

- **SuSE** SuSE 8.2 and 9.1 RPMs are maintained by Joe Benden. You can download them at <http://www.ispservices.com/clamav.html>. Official ClamAV packages for SuSE are maintained by Reinhard Max.

- **FreeBSD**

The official FreeBSD port is maintained by Masahiro Teramoto. There are two version available: clamav and clamav-devel. You can find both of them under </usr/ports/security/>

- **OpenBSD**

ClamAV will become part of the official ports tree in the upcoming 3.7 release of OpenBSD. The new port is maintained by Marc Balmer. The old unofficial port for OpenBSD (maintained by Jerome Loyet) is available at: <http://www.fatbsd.com/openbsd/clamav/>

- **NetBSD**

The official port is available.

- **Solaris**

Stable packages and daily snapshots for Solaris 8 SPARC are available at <http://>

[//clamav.or.id/snapshot/](http://clamav.or.id/snapshot/). Latest stable packages for Solaris 9 SPARC 64bit are available at <http://clamav.citrus-it.net>

- **AIX**

The binary packages for AIX are available in AIX PDSLIB, UCLA
<http://aixpdslib.seas.ucla.edu/packages/clamav.html>

- **Mac OS X**

There's a binary package available at <http://clamav.darwinports.com/clamXav> (see 8.6.6), a GUI for ClamAV running on MacOS X, is available at <http://www.markallan.co.uk/clamXav>

- **BeOS**

BeClam is a port of ClamAV for the BeOS operating system. It includes a very simple GUI. Get it at <http://www.bebits.com/app/3930/>

- **MS Windows - Cygwin**

ClamAV is a part of the official Cygwin port repository.

- **MS Windows - cygwin.dll based**

All major features of ClamAV are implemented under Win32 using the Cygwin compatibility layer. You can download a self-installing package at <http://www.sosdg.org/clamav-win32/index.php>

- **MS Windows - Interix**

A binary package of ClamAV for Interix is maintained at <http://www.interopsystems.com/tools/warehouse.htm>

- **MS Windows - graphical version**

A standalone GUI version is also available. See ClamWin in the *Third Party Software* section (8.6.7).

2.3 Daily built snapshots

Thanks to Fajar A. Nugraha you can download daily builds (from daily snapshots) for the following operating systems:

- SPARC Solaris 8/9
- DEC OSF (built on Tru64 UNIX V5.0A)
- AIX (built on AIX Version 5.1)
- Linux i386 with glibc 2.3 (compiled on Fedora Core 1, works on RH \geq 8)

- Win32/Cygwin (compiled on XP)

They're available at <http://clamav.or.id/>

3 Installation

3.1 Requirements

The following elements are required to compile ClamAV:

- zlib and zlib-devel packages
- gcc compiler suite (both 2.9x and 3.x are supported)

The following packages are optional but **highly recommended**:

- bzip2 and bzip2-devel library
- GNU MP 3

It's very important to install the GMP package because it allows `freshclam` to verify the digital signatures of the virus databases. If `freshclam` was compiled without GMP support it will display "SECURITY WARNING: NO SUPPORT FOR DIGITAL SIGNATURES" on every update. You can download GNU MP at <http://www.swox.com/gmp/>

A note for Solaris/SPARC users: you must set the *ABI* system variable to 32 (e.g. `setenv ABI 32`) before running the configuration script of GMP.

3.2 Installing on a shell account

To install ClamAV on a shell account (e.g. on some shared host) you need not create any additional users or groups. Assuming your home directory is `/home/gary` you should build it as follows:

```
$ ./configure --prefix=/home/gary/clamav --disable-clamav
$ make; make install
```

To test your installation execute:

```
$ ~/clamav/bin/freshclam
$ ~/clamav/bin/clamscan ~
```

The `--disable-clamav` switch disables testing for the existence of the *clamav* user and group but `clamscan` would still require an unprivileged account to work in a superuser mode.

3.3 Adding new system user and group

If you are installing ClamAV for the first time, you have to add a new user and group to your system: ³

```
# groupadd clamav
# useradd -g clamav -s /bin/false -c "Clam AntiVirus" clamav
```

Consult a system manual if your OS has not *groupadd* and *useradd* utilities. The account should be locked in */etc/passwd* or */etc/shadow*.

3.4 Compilation of base package

Once you have created the clamav user and group, please extract the archive:

```
$ zcat clamav-x.yz.tar.gz | tar xvf -
$ cd clamav-x.yz
```

Assuming you want to install the configuration files in */etc*, configure the package as follows:

```
$ ./configure --sysconfdir=/etc
```

Currently *gcc* is required to compile ClamAV.

```
$ make
$ su -c "make install"
```

In the last step the software is installed in the */usr/local* directory and the config file goes to */etc*. **WARNING: Never enable the SUID or SGID bits in Clam AntiVirus binaries.**

3.5 Compilation with clamav-milter enabled

libmilter and its development files are required. To enable clamav-milter, configure ClamAV with

```
$ ./configure --enable-milter
```

³Cygwin note: If you have not */etc/passwd* you can skip this procedure

4 Configuration

4.1 clamd

If you are going to use the daemon, you have to edit the configuration file (in other case clamd won't run):

```
$ clamd
ERROR: Please edit the example config file /etc/clamd.conf.
```

This shows the location of the default configuration file. The format and options of this file are fully described in the *clamd.conf(5)* manual. The config file is well commented and configuration should be straightforward.

4.1.1 On-access scanning

An interesting feature of clamd is on-access scanning based on the Dazuko module, available from <http://dazuko.org/>. **It is not required to run clamd - furthermore, you shouldn't run Dazuko on production systems.** The special thread in clamd responsible for the communication with Dazuko is called "Clamuko" (due to the funny name of Dazuko) and it's only supported on Linux and FreeBSD. To compile dazuko execute:

```
$ tar xzpvf dazuko-a.b.c.tar.gz
$ cd dazuko-a.b.c
$ make dazuko
or
$ make dazuko-smp (for smp kernels)
$ su
# insmod dazuko.o
# cp dazuko.o /lib/modules/`uname -r`/misc
# depmod -a
```

Depending on your Linux distribution you have to add a "dazuko" entry to */etc/modules* or run the module during system's startup by adding

```
modprobe dazuko
```

to some startup file. You must also create a new device:

```
$ cat /proc/devices | grep dazuko
254 dazuko
$ su -c "mknod -m 600 /dev/dazuko c 254 0"
```

Now configure Clamuko in `clamd.conf` and read the 5.3 section.

4.2 clamav-milter

Nigel Horne's `clamav-milter` is a very fast email scanner designed for Sendmail. It's written entirely in C and only depends on `libclamav` or `clamd`. You can find detailed installation instructions in the `INSTALL` file that comes with the `clamav-milter` sources. Basically, to connect it with Sendmail add the following lines to `/etc/mail/sendmail.mc`:

```
INPUT_MAIL_FILTER(`clmilter', `S=local:/var/run/clamav/clmilter.sock,
F=, T=S:4m;R:4m')dnl
define(`confINPUT_MAIL_FILTERS', `clmilter')
```

If you're running it in `--external` mode, check entry in `clamd.conf` of the form:

```
LocalSocket /var/run/clamav/clamd.sock
```

Start `clamav-milter`

```
/usr/local/sbin/clamav-milter -lo /var/run/clamav/clmilter.sock
```

and restart sendmail.

4.3 Testing

Try to scan recursively the source directory:

```
$ clamscan -r -l scan.txt clamav-x.yz
```

It should find some test files in the `clamav-x.yz/test` directory. The scan result will be saved in the `scan.txt` log file ⁴. To test `clamd`, start it and use `clamscan` (or connect directly to its socket and run the `SCAN` command instead):

```
$ clamscan -l scan.txt clamav-x.yz
```

Please note that the scanned files must be accessible by the user running `clamd` or you get an error.

⁴To get more info on `clamscan` options execute `'man clamscan'`

4.4 Setting up auto-updating

`freshclam` is the default database updater for Clam AntiVirus. It can work in two modes:

- interactive - from command line, verbosely
- daemon - alone, silently

When started by a superuser it drops privileges and switches to the `clamav` user. `freshclam` uses the `database.clamav.net` round-robin DNS which automatically selects a database mirror9.1. `freshclam` is an advanced tool: it supports database version verification through DNS, proxy servers (with authentication), digital signatures and various error scenarios. **Quick test: run `freshclam` (as superuser) with no parameters and check the output.** If everything is OK you may create the log file in `/var/log` (owned by `clamav` or another user `freshclam` will be running as (`--user`):

```
# touch /var/log/freshclam.log
# chmod 600 /var/log/freshclam.log
# chown clamav /var/log/freshclam.log
```

Now you *should* edit the configuration file (`freshclam.conf` or `clamd.conf` if they're merged) and configure the `UpdateLogFile` directive to point to the created log file. Finally, to run `freshclam` in the daemon mode, execute:

```
# freshclam -d
```

The other method is to use the `cron` daemon. You have to add the following line to the crontab of the **root** or **clamav** users:

```
N * * * * /usr/local/bin/freshclam --quiet
```

to check for a new database every hour. **N should be a number between 3 and 57 of your choice. Please don't choose any multiple of 10, because there are already too many clients using those time slots.** Proxy settings are only configurable via the configuration file and `freshclam` will require strict permissions on the config file when `HTTPProxyPassword` is enabled.

```
HTTPProxyServer myproxyserver.com
HTTPProxyPort 1234
HTTPProxyUsername myusername
HTTPProxyPassword mypass
```


4.5 Closest mirrors

The `DatabaseMirror` directive in the config file specifies the database server `freshclam` will attempt (up to `MaxAttempts` times) to download the database from. The default database mirror is `database.clamav.net` but multiple directives are allowed. In order to download the database from the closest mirror you should configure `freshclam` to use `db.xx.clamav.net` where `xx` represents your country code. For example, if your server is in "Ascension Island" you should add the following lines to `freshclam.conf`:

```
DNSDatabaseInfo current.cvd.clamav.net
DatabaseMirror db.ac.clamav.net
DatabaseMirror database.clamav.net
```

The second entry acts as a fallback in case a connection to the first mirror fails for some reason. The full list of two-letters country codes is available at <http://www.iana.org/cctld/cctld-whois.htm>

5 Usage

5.1 Clam daemon

`clamd` is a multi-threaded daemon that uses *libclamav* to scan files against viruses. It may work in one of the two network modes, listening on a:

- Unix (local) socket
- TCP socket

The daemon is fully configurable via the `clamd.conf` file ⁵. `clamd` recognizes the following commands:

- **PING**
Check daemon state (should reply with "PONG").
- **VERSION**
Print program and database versions.
- **RELOAD**
Reload databases.
- **SHUTDOWN**
Perform a clean exit.

⁵man 5 clamd.conf

- **SCAN file/directory** Scan file or directory (recursively) with archive support enabled (a full path is required).
- **RAWSCAN file/directory** Scan file or directory (recursively) with archive support disabled (a full path is required).
- **CONTSCAN file/directory** Scan file or directory (recursively) with archive support enabled and do not stop scanning if virus is found.
- **STREAM** Scan stream: `clamd` will return a new port number you should connect to and send data to scan.
- **SESSION, END** Start/end a `clamd` session - you can do multiple commands per TCP session (WARNING: due to the `clamd` implementation the **RELOAD** command will break the session).

and reacts to the special signals:

- **SIGTERM** - perform a clean exit
- **SIGHUP** - reopen a log file
- **SIGUSR2** - reload the database

5.2 Clamscan

`clamscan` is a simple `clamd` client. In many cases you can use it as a `clamscan` replacement but you must remember that:

- it only depends on `clamd`
- although it accepts the same command line options as `clamscan` most of them are ignored because they must be enabled directly in `clamd`, i.e. `clamd.conf`
- scanned files must be accessible for `clamd`
- it can't use external unpackers

5.3 Clamuko

Clamuko is a special thread in `clamd` that performs on-access scanning under Linux and FreeBSD and shares internal virus database with the daemon. **You must follow some important rules when using it:**

- Always stop the daemon cleanly - using the SHUTDOWN command or the SIGTERM signal. In other case you can lose an access to protected files until the system is restarted.
- Never protect a directory your mail-scanner software uses for attachment unpacking. Access to all infected files will be automatically blocked and the scanner (even clamd) won't be able to detect any virus. In the result **all infected mails will be delivered**.

For example, to protect a whole system add the following lines to `clamd.conf`:

```
ClamukoScanOnAccess
ClamukoIncludePath /
ClamukoExcludePath /proc
ClamukoExcludePath /temporary/dir/of/your/mail/scanning/software
```

You can also use clamuko to protect files on Samba/Netatalk but far more better and safe idea is to use the **samba-vscan** module 8.4.3. NFS is not supported because Dazuko doesn't intercept NFS access calls.

5.4 Output format

5.4.1 clamscan

clamscan by default writes all messages to **stderr**. Run it with `--stdout` enabled to redirect them to the standard output. An example of the clamscan output is:

```
/tmp/test/removal-tool.exe: Worm.Sober FOUND
/tmp/test/md5.o: OK
/tmp/test/blob.c: OK
/tmp/test/message.c: OK
/tmp/test/error.hta: VBS.Inor.D FOUND
```

When a virus is found its name is printed between the `filename:` and `FOUND` strings. In case of archives the scanner depends on libclamav and only prints the first virus found within an archive:

```
zolw@localhost:/tmp$ clamscan malware.zip
malware.zip: Worm.Mydoom.U FOUND
```

TIP: You can force clamscan to list all infected files in an archive using `--no-archive` (that disables transparent decompressors built into libclamav) and external decompressors: `--unzip --unrar...`

```
zolw@localhost:/tmp$ clamscan --no-archive --unzip malware.zip
Archive: /tmp/malware.zip
  inflating: test1.exe
  inflating: test2.exe
  inflating: test3.exe
/tmp/clamav-77e7bfdbb2d3872b/test1.exe: Worm.Mydoom.U FOUND
/tmp/clamav-77e7bfdbb2d3872b/test2.exe: Trojan.Taskkill.A FOUND
/tmp/clamav-77e7bfdbb2d3872b/test3.exe: Worm.Nyxem.D FOUND
/tmp/malware.zip: Infected.Archive FOUND
```

5.4.2 clamd

clamd uses a clamscan compatible output format:

```
zolw@localhost:~$ telnet localhost 3310
Trying 127.0.0.1...
Connected to localhost.
Escape character is '^]'.
SCAN /home/zolw/test
/home/zolw/test/clam.exe: ClamAV-Test-File FOUND
Connection closed by foreign host.
```

In the **SCAN** mode it closes the connection when the first virus is found.

```
SCAN /home/zolw/test/clam.zip
/home/zolw/test/clam.zip: ClamAV-Test-File FOUND
```

CONTSCAN continues scanning even if virus was already found.

Error messages are printed in the following format:

```
SCAN /no/such/file
/no/such/file: Can't stat() the file. ERROR
```

6 LibClamAV

libclamav is a simple and easy way to add a virus protection to your software. The library is thread-safe and transparently recognizes and scans within archives, mail files, MS Office document files, executables and other file formats.

6.1 Licence

libclamav is licensed under the GNU GPL licence. That means you are **not allowed** to link commercial, close-source applications against it⁶. All software using libclamav must be GPL compliant.

6.2 Features

6.2.1 Archives and compressed files

The library has a built-in support for the following formats:

- Zip
- RAR (2.0)
- Tar
- Gzip
- Bzip2
- MS OLE2
- MS Cabinet Files
- MS CHM (Compiled HTML)
- MS SZDD compression format
- UPX (all versions)
- FSG (1.3, 1.31, 1.33, 2.0)
- Petite (2.x)

⁶You can still use clamd or clamscan instead

Due to license issues, support for RAR 3.0 archives is currently not available in libclamav (such archives will trigger the RAR module failure. error message). You can scan them with the help of external unpackers in clamscan, though.

```
$ clamscan --unrar clam-error.rar
/home/zolw/test/clam-error.rar: RAR module failure.
```

```
UNRAR 3.00 freeware      Copyright (c) 1993-2002 Eugene Roshal
```

```
Extracting from /home/zolw/test/clam-error.rar
```

```
Extracting  clam.exe                      OK
All OK
/tmp/44694f5b2665d2f4/clam.exe: ClamAV-Test-File FOUND
/home/zolw/test/clam-error.rar: Infected.Archive FOUND
```

6.2.2 Mail files

Advanced mail scanner built into libclamav transparently scans e-mails for infected attachments. All popular UNIX mail formats are supported. TNEF attachments are supported as well.

6.3 API

6.3.1 Header file

Every program using libclamav must include the `clamav.h` header file:

```
#include <clamav.h>
```

6.3.2 Database loading

The following set of functions provides an interface to database initialisation mechanisms:

```
int cl_loaddb(const char *filename, struct cl_node **root,
unsigned int *signo);
```

```
int cl_loaddbdir(const char *dirname, struct cl_node **root,
unsigned int *signo);
```

```
const char *cl_retdbdir(void);
```

`cl_loaddb` loads selected database while `cl_loaddbdir` loads all databases from a `dirname` directory. `cl_retdbdir` returns a default (hardcoded) database directory path. After an initialisation an internal database representation will be saved under `root` (which must initially point to `NULL`) and a number of loaded signatures will be **added**⁷ to `virnum`. You can eventually pass `NULL` if you don't care about a signature counter. Both `cl_loaddb` and `cl_loaddbdir` functions return 0 on success and a non-negative value on failure.

```
...
struct cl_node *root = NULL;
int ret, signo = 0;

ret = cl_loaddbdir(cl_retdbdir(), &root, &signo);
```

6.3.3 Error handling

Use `cl_strerror` to convert error codes into human readable messages. The function returns a statically allocated string:

```
if(ret) {
    printf("cl_loaddbdir() error: %s\n", cl_strerror(ret));
    exit(1);
}
```

6.3.4 Database structure

Now initialise internal transitions with `cl_build`.

```
int cl_build(struct cl_node *root);
```

In our example:

```
if((ret = cl_build(root)))
    printf("cl_build() error: %s\n", cl_strerror(ret));
```

⁷Remember to initialize the virus counter variable with 0.

6.4 Database reloading

The most important thing is to keep the internal instance of the database up to date. You can watch database changes with the `cl_stat` functions family.

```
int cl_statinidir(const char *dirname, struct cl_stat *dbstat);
int cl_statchkdir(const struct cl_stat *dbstat);
int cl_statfree(struct cl_stat *dbstat);
```

Initialization:

```
...
struct cl_stat dbstat;

memset(&dbstat, 0, sizeof(struct cl_stat));
cl_statinidir(dbdir, &dbstat);
```

To check for a change you only need to call `cl_statchkdir`:

```
if(cl_statchkdir(&dbstat) == 1) {
    reload_database...;
    cl_statfree(&dbstat);
    cl_statinidir(cl_retdbdir(), &dbstat);
}
```

Remember to reinitialize the structure after reload.

6.4.1 Data scan functions

It's possible to scan a buffer, a descriptor, or a file with:

```
int cl_scanbuff(const char *buffer, unsigned int length,
const char **virname, const struct cl_node *root);

int cl_scandesc(int desc, const char **virname, unsigned
long int *scanned, const struct cl_node *root, const
struct cl_limits *limits, unsigned int options);

int cl_scanfile(const char *filename, const char **virname,
unsigned long int *scanned, const struct cl_node *root,
const struct cl_limits *limits, unsigned int options);
```


All the functions save a virus name under `virname` pointer. It points to a field in the internal database structure and must not be released directly. If the `scanned` pointer is not NULL the functions will increase a value represented by this pointer by a size of scanned data in `CL_COUNT_PRECISION` units. The last two functions also support archive limits required to protect against Denial of Service attacks.

```
struct cl_limits {
    int maxreclevel; /* maximal recursion level */
    int maxfiles; /* maximal number of files to be
                  * scanned within archive
                  */
    int maxratio; /* maximal compression ratio */
    short archivememlim; /* limit memory usage for bzip2 (0/1) */
    long int maxfilesize; /* archived files larger than this
                          * value will not be scanned
                          */
};
```

The `options` argument configures the scan engine and supports the following flags (that can be combined using bit operators):

- **CL_SCAN_STDOPT**
This is an alias for a recommended set of scan options. You should use it to make your software ready for new features in future versions of libclamav.
- **CL_SCAN_RAW**
It does nothing. Please use it (alone) if you don't want to scan any special files.
- **CL_SCAN_ARCHIVE**
This flag enables transparent scanning of various archive formats.
- **CL_SCAN_BLOCKENCRYPTED**
With this flag the library marks encrypted archives as viruses (Encrypted.Zip, Encrypted.RAR).
- **CL_SCAN_BLOCKMAX**
Mark archives as viruses if `maxfiles`, `maxfilesize`, or `maxreclevel` limit is reached.
- **CL_SCAN_MAIL**
It enables support for mail files.

- **CL_SCAN_MAILURL**

The mail scanner will download and scan URLs listed in a mail body. This flag should not be used on loaded servers. Due to potential problems please do not enable it by default but make it optional.

- **CL_SCAN_OLE2**

Enables support for Microsoft Office document files.

- **CL_SCAN_PE**

This flag enables scanning withing Portable Executable files and allows libclamav to unpack UPX, Petite, and FSG compressed executables.

- **CL_SCAN_BLOCKBROKEN**

libclamav will try to detect broken executables and mark them as Broken.Executable.

- **CL_SCAN_HTML**

This flag enables HTML normalisation (including JScript decryption).

All functions return 0 (CL_CLEAN) if the file is clean, CL_VIRUS when virus is detected and an another value on failure.

```
...
struct cl_limits limits;
const char *virname;

memset(&limits, 0, sizeof(struct cl_limits));
/* maximal number of files in archive */
limits.maxfiles = 1000
/* maximal archived file size */
limits.maxfilesize = 10 * 1048576; /* 10 MB */
/* maximal recursion level */
limits.maxreclevel = 5;
/* maximal compression ratio */
limits.maxratio = 200;
/* disable memory limit for bzip2 scanner */
limits.archivememlim = 0;

if((ret = cl_scanfile("/home/zolw/test", &virname, NULL, root,
&limits, CL_STDOPT)) == CL_VIRUS) {
    printf("Detected %s virus.\n", virname);
} else {
    printf("No virus detected.\n");
    if(ret != CL_CLEAN)
```

```
    printf("Error: %s\n", cl_strerror(ret));  
}
```

6.4.2 Memory

Because the internal database uses a few megabytes of memory, you should release it if you no longer need to scan files.

```
void cl_free(struct cl_node *root);
```

6.4.3 clamav-config

Use `clamav-config` to check libclamav compilation information.

```
zolw@localhost:~$ clamav-config --libs  
-L/usr/local/lib -lz -lbz2 -lgmp -lpthread  
zolw@localhost:~$ clamav-config --cflags  
-I/usr/local/include -g -O2
```

6.4.4 Example

You will find an example scanner application in the clamav sources (`/example`). Remember that all programs based on libclamav must be linked against it:

```
gcc -Wall ex1.c -o ex1 -lclamav
```

6.5 CVD format

CVD (ClamAV Virus Database) is a digitally signed tarball file that contains one or more databases. The header is a 512 bytes long string with colon separated fields:

```
ClamAV-VDB:build time:version:number of signatures:functionality  
level required:MD5 checksum:digital signature:builder name:build time (sec)
```

`sigtool --info` displays detailed information on CVD files:

```
zolw@localhost:/usr/local/share/clamav$ sigtool -i daily.cvd
Build time: 11 Sep 2004 21-07 +0200
Version: 487
# of signatures: 1189
Functionality level: 2
Builder: ccordes
MD5: a3f4f98694229e461f17d2aa254e9a43
Digital signature: uwJS6d+y/9g5SXGE0Hh1rXyjZW/PGK/zqVtWWVL3/tfHEn
A17z6VB2IBR2I/OitKRYzmVo3ibU7bPCJNgi6fPcW1PQwvCunwAswvR0ehrvY/4ks
UjUOXo1VwQlW7l86HZmiMUSyAjnF/gciOSsOQa9Hli8D5uET1RDzVpoWu/id
Verification OK.
```

7 Frequently Asked Questions

The FAQ section is maintained by Luca Gibelli.

- **What does *WARNING: Current functionality level = 1, required = 2* mean?**

The functionality level of the database determines which scanner engine version is required to use all of its signatures. If you don't upgrade immediately you will be in big trouble.

- **What does *Your ClamAV installation is OUTDATED* mean?**

You'll get this message whenever a new version of ClamAV is released. In order to detect all the latest viruses, it's not enough to keep your database up to date. You also need to run the latest version of the scanner. You can find the latest release at <http://www.clamav.net> under the `stable` link. Running the latest stable release also improves stability.

- **What does *WARNING: DNS record is older than 3 hours* mean?**

`freshclam` attempts to detect potential problems with DNS caches and switches to the old mode if something looks suspicious. If this message appears seldomly, you can safely ignore it. If you get the error everytime you run `freshclam`, you should check your dns settings.

- **What does *SECURITY WARNING: NO SUPPORT FOR DIGITAL SIGNATURES* mean?**

The ClamAV package requires the GMP library to verify the digital signature of the virus database. When building ClamAV you need the GMP library and its headers: if you are using Debian just run `apt-get install libgmp3-dev`, if you are using an RPM based distribution install the `gmp-devel` package.

- **How often is the virus database updated?**

The virus database is usually updated many times per week. Check out <http://news.gmane.org/gmane.comp.security.virus.clamav.virusdb/> to see our response times to new threats. The virusdb team tries to keep up with the latest worm in the wild. When a new worm spreads out, often it is less than one hour before we release a database update. You can contribute to make the virusdb updating process more efficient by submitting samples of viruses via our web interface.

- **I tried to submit a sample through the web interface, but it said the sample is already recognized by ClamAV. My clamscan tells me it's not. I already updated my database, what's wrong with my setup?**

Please run clamscan with the `-mbox` option. Also check that `freshclam` and `clamscan` are using the same path for storing/reading the database.

- **ClamAV crashes/hangs/doesn't compile/doesn't start. Did I find a bug?**

Before reporting a bug, please download the latest CVS code and try to reproduce the bug with it. Chances are the bug you encountered has already been fixed. If you really feel like you found a bug, please send a message bugs@clamav.net.

- **How do I automatically restart clamd when it dies?**

Set up a cronjob which checks that `clamd` is up and running, every XX minutes. You can find an example script in the `contrib/clamdwatch/` directory.

- **How do I keep my virus database up to date?**

ClamAV comes with `freshclam`, a tool which periodically checks for new database releases and keeps your database up to date.

- **I'm running ClamAV on a lot of clients on my local network. Can I mirror the database locally so that each client doesn't have to download it from your servers?**

Sure, install a proxy server and then configure your `freshclam` clients to use it (watch for the `HTTPProxyServer` parameter in `man freshclam.conf`). Alternatively, you can configure a local webserver on one of your machines (say `machine1.mylan`) and let `freshclam` download the `*.cvd` files from <http://database.clamav.net/> to the webserver's `DocumentRoot`. Finally, change `freshclam.conf` on your clients so that it reads: `DatabaseMirror machine1.mylan` First the database will be downloaded to the local webserver and then the other clients on the network will update their copy of the database from it.

- **How can I list the virus signature names contained in the database?**

If you are using a recent version of ClamAV just run: `$sigtool --list-sigs`

- **I found an infected file in my HD/floppy/mailbox, but ClamAV doesn't recognize it yet. Can you help me?**

Our virus database is kept up to date with the help of the community. Whenever you find a new virus which is not detected by ClamAV you should submit it on our website (go to www.clamav.net and click on *submit sample*). The virusdb team will review your submission and update the database if necessary. Before submitting a new sample:

- check that the value of `DatabaseDirectory`, in both `clamd.conf` and `freshclam.conf`, is the same
- update your database by running `freshclam`

- **Why is ClamAV calling the XXX virus with another name?**

This usually happens when we add a signature before other AV vendors. No well-known name is available at that moment so we have to invent one. Renaming the virus after a few days would just confuse people more, so we usually keep on using our name for that virus. The only exception is when a new name is established soon after the signature addition. You can find more info about this in the virus naming page at <http://www.clamav.net/cvinfo.html>

- **How do I know when database updates are released?**

Subscribe to the *clamav-virusdb* mailing-list.

- **How can I scan a file on my hard disk for viruses without installing ClamAV?**

Use the online scanning tool available at <http://test-clamav.power-netz.de/>

- **I found a false positive in ClamAV virus database. What shall I do?**

Fill the form at <http://www.clamav.net/sendvirus.html> Be sure to select *The file attached is... a false positive*

- **How do I verify the integrity of ClamAV sources?**

Using GnuPG (<http://www.gnupg.org/>) you can easily verify the authenticity of your stable release downloads by using the following method:

- Download Tomasz Kojm's key from the clamav.net site:
\$ `wget http://www.clamav.net/gpg/tkojm.gpg`
- Import the key into your local public keyring:
\ \$ `gpg --import tkojm.gpg`
- Download the stable release AND the corresponding .sig file to the same directory.

```
$ wget http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/clamav/clamav-X.XX.tar.gz
$ wget http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/clamav/clamav-X.XX.tar.gz.sig
```

- Verify that the stable release download is signed with the proper key:

```
$ gpg --verify clamav-X.XX.tar.gz.sig
```

- Make sure the resulting output contain the following information:

```
Good signature from Tomasz Kojm (tk*lodz.tpnet.pl)
```

- **Can ClamAV disinfect files?**

No, it can't. We will add support for disinfecting OLE2 files in one of the next stable releases. There are no plans for disinfecting other types of files. There are many reasons for it: cleaning viruses from files is virtually pointless these days. It is very seldom that there is anything useful left after cleaning, and even if there is, would you trust it?

- **When using clamscan, is there a way to know which message within an mbox is infected?**

No, clamscan stops at the first infected message. You can convert the mbox to Maildir format, run clamscan on it and then convert it back to mbox format. There are many tools available which can convert to and from Maildir format, e.g: formail, mbox2maildir, and maildir2mbox.

- **I'm running qmail+Qmail-Scanner+ClamAV and get the following error in my mail logs: *clamdscan: corrupt or unknown clamd scanner error or memory/resource/perms problem*. What's wrong with it?**

Most likely clamd is not running at all, or you are running Qmail-Scanner and clamd under a different uid. If you are running Qmail-Scanner as qscand (default setting) you could put User qscand inside your clamd.conf file and restart clamd. Remember to check that qscand can create clamdctl (usually located at /var/run/clamav/clamdctl). The same applies to the log file.

- **How do I use ClamAV with p3scan?**

Add the following lines to your pop3vscan configuration file:

```
virusregex = .*: (.*?) FOUND
scanner = /usr/bin/clamdscan --no-summary -i
scannertype = basic
```

- **Where can I ask questions about using ClamAV?**

Subscribe to our *clamav-users* mailing-list at <http://www.clamav.net/ml.html>

- **Where can I get the latest CVS snapshot of ClamAV?**

Basically, there are two ways:

- Run
`cvs -d:pserver:anonymous@cvs.sourceforge.net:/cvsroot/clamav co clamav-devel`
- Visit <http://www.clamav.net/snapshot/>
- **I'm a MS Windows user. Can I take advantage of ClamAV virus protection?**
 Yes, you can use ClamWin, a port of ClamAV for win32 systems with a very nice graphic interface. Download it at <http://www.clamwin.net>
- **Where can I find more information about ClamAV?**
 Please read this documentation. You can also try searching the mailing list archives. If you can't find the answer, you can ask for support on the clamav-users mailing-list, but please before doing it, search the archives! Also, make sure that you don't send HTML-ized email messages and that you don't top-post (these violate the netiquette and lessen your chances of being answered).
- **How can I contribute to the ClamAV project?**
 There are many ways to contribute to the ClamAV project. See the donations page (<http://www.clamav.net/donate.html> for more info.

8 Third party software

The following software supports ClamAV. It's specified which elements are supported, please note that if a program doesn't support clamd you can use clamscan instead of clamscan.

8.1 MTA + *ClamAV*

8.1.1 amavisd-new

Homepage: <http://www.ijs.si/software/amavisd/>

Supports: clamd, clamscan

amavisd-new is a rewritten version of amavis maintained by Mark Martinec.

Installation:

clamscan is enabled automatically if clamscan binary is found at amavisd-new startup time. clamd is activated by uncommenting its entry in the @av_scanners list, file /etc/amavisd.conf.

8.1.2 AMaViS - "Next Generation"

Homepage: <http://sourceforge.net/projects/amavis/>

Supports: clamscan

AMaViS-ng is a rewritten, more modular version of amavis-perl/amavisd, developed by Hilko Bengen. **Installation:**

Please download the newest version (at least 0.1.4). After installation (which is quite easy), please uncomment the following line in amavis.conf:

```
virus-scanner = CLAM
```

and if it's needed change the path to clamscan in the [CLAM] section:

```
[CLAM]
```

```
clamscan = /usr/local/bin/clamscan
```

8.1.3 ClamdMail

Homepage: <http://clamdmail.sf.net/>

Supports: clamd

A mail processing client for ClamAV. Small, fast and easy to install.

8.1.4 Clement

Homepage: <http://www.clement.safe.ca/>

Supports: libclamav

Clement is an application working as an mail server firewall. Its only purpose is to trap most of the unwanted mail at the earliest possible stage. Clement uses ClamAV to detect viruses and SpamAssassin to check for spam content.

8.1.5 cgpav

Homepage: <http://program.farit.ru/>

Supports: clamd

This is a fast (written in C) CommuniGate Pro anti-virus plugin with support for clamd.

8.1.6 ClamCour

Homepage: <http://sourceforge.net/projects/clamcour/>

Supports: clamd

ClamCour is a Courier-MTA multithread filter that allows Courier to scan mail for viruses using Clam AntiVirus package.

8.1.7 clamfilter

Homepage: <http://www.ensita.net/products/clamfilter/>

Supports: clamd

Clamfilter is a small, secure, and efficient content filter for Postfix designed for filtering messages efficiently through the clamd daemon.

8.1.8 ClamSMTP

Homepage: <http://memberwebs.com/nielsen/software/clamsmtp/>

Supports: clamd

ClamSMTP is an SMTP filter for Postfix and other mail servers that checks for viruses using the ClamAV anti-virus software. It aims to be lightweight, reliable, and simple rather than have a myriad of options. Written in C without major dependencies.

8.1.9 clapf

Homepage: <http://dev.acts.hu/clapf/>

Supports: libclamav

Clapf is a clamav based virus scanning and anti-spam content filter for Postfix.

8.1.10 DSpamPD

Homepage: <http://caspian.dotconf.net/menu/Software/DspamPD/>

Supports: clamd

DspamPD is a transparent SMTP proxy daemon that passes email through DSPAM. It can also pass mail through ClamAV as well, providing you with a one-stop anti-spam / anti-virus smtp proxy with no extra perl modules!

8.1.11 exiscan

Homepage: <http://duncanthrax.net/exiscan-acl/>

Supports: clamscan, clamd

exiscan is a patch against exim version 4, providing support for content scanning in email messages received by exim. Four different scanning facilities are supported: anti-virus, antispam, regular expressions, and file extensions.

8.1.12 Gadoyanvirus

Homepage: <http://oss.mdamt.net/gadoyanvirus/>

Supports: libclamav

gadoyanvirus is a (yet another) virus stopper for qmail. It replaces the original qmail-queue program. It scans incoming messages using the ClamAV anti-virus library. Suspect message will be quarantined and (optionally) a notification message will be sent to the recipients. By default, gadoyanvirus needs QMAILQUEUE patched qmail installation.

8.1.13 hMailServer

Homepage: <http://www.hmailserver.com/>

Supports: ClamAV

hMailServer is a free, open source e-mail server for Microsoft Windows. It supports all the common mail protocols and comes with a easy to use COM library that can be used for integration with external software. It also has supports for virtual domains, distribution lists, ClamAV, aliases, distributed domains and much more. E-mail data is stored in a database server, MySQL or MS SQL, depending on your choice.

8.1.14 IVS Milter

Homepage: <http://ivs-milter.lbsd.net/>

Supports: clamd

IVS Milter is a virus and spam scanning milter. The name stands for Industrial Virus + Spam milter. It's designed to be used by anything from home users to large ISPs.

8.1.15 j-chkmail

Homepage: <http://j-chkmail.ensmp.fr/>

Supports: libclamav, clamd

j-chkmail is a fast (written in C) filter for sendmail. It does spam and dangerous content (virus) filtering with help of ClamAV. The program supports many modes of monitoring and run time controlling and was designed to work on highly loaded servers. It's an open source software available for free to registered users (for non-commercial usage).

8.1.16 Mail Avenger

Homepage: <http://www.mailavenger.org/>

Supports: clamscan

Mail avenger is a highly-configurable SMTP server. It allows you to reject spam during mail transactions, before spooling messages in your local mail queue. You can specify site-wide default policies for filtering mail, but individual users can also craft their own policies by creating avenger scripts in their home directories.

8.1.17 Mailnees

Homepage: <http://mailnees.kicks-ass.org/>

Supports: clamscan

Mailnees is an open source mail content filter for Sendmail and Postfix.

8.1.18 MailScanner

Homepage: <http://www.mailscanner.info/>

Supports: clamscan

MailScanner scans all e-mail for viruses, spam and attacks against security vulnerabilities. It is not tied to any particular virus scanner, but can be used with any combination of 14 different virus scanners, allowing sites to choose the "best of breed" virus scanner.

8.1.19 Maverix

Homepage: <http://www.crystalballinc.com/vlad/software/maverix/>

Supports: clamscan

Maverix is AOLserver module that implements SMTP protocol and acts as a SMTP proxy with anti-spam and anti-virus capabilities.

8.1.20 MIMEDefang

Homepage: <http://www.roaringpenguin.com/mimedefang>

Supports: clamscan, clamd

This is an efficient mail scanner for Sendmail/milter.

8.1.21 mxGuard for IMail

Homepage: <http://www.mxguard.com/postmaster/>

Supports: clamscan

mxGuard is a spam filter for Ipswitch IMail mail server running on Windows platforms. It also includes free hooks to major anti-virus engines including ClamAV.

8.1.22 OdeiaVir

Homepage: <http://odeiavir.sourceforge.net/>

Supports: clamscan

OdeiaVir is an e-mail filter for qmail or Exim.

8.1.23 OpenProtect

Homepage: <http://opencompt.com/>

Supports: ClamAV via MailScanner

OpenProtect is a server side e-mail protection solution consisting of MailScanner, Spamassassin, ClamAV with support for Sendmail, Postfix, Exim and qmail. It also consists of a fully automatic installer and uninstaller, which configures everything automatically including setting up perl modules and virus scanner settings.

8.1.24 Protea AntiVirus Tools

Homepage: <http://www.proteatools.com/>

Supports: clamd

Protea AntiVirus Tools for Lotus Domino scans and cleans automatically attached files and other objects in Domino mail. Clam AntiVirus scanner is used for virus detection. Fully configurable scheduled database scanning offers an additional layer of protection.

8.1.25 PSCM

Homepage: <http://www.metawire.org/~pscm/>

Supports: clamd

PSCM is an RPM package that provides out-of-box easy installation for a secure smtp mailserver with spam filtering and virus scanning capabilities.

8.1.26 PTSMail Utilities

Homepage: <http://www.scanmail-software.com/>

Supports: clamscan

PTSMail uses clamscan as part of the ptsfilter (a sendmail milter).

8.1.27 pymavis

Homepage: <http://mplayerhq.hu/~arpi/pymavis/>

Supports: clamscan

pymavis is an email parser, similar to the old amavis (or amavis-perl). The primary goal is to retrieve all attachments from an email, and then run various virus scanners over them. The parser can deal with damaged and truncated messages, non-RFC compliant or broken MIME syntax headers, inline (non-MIME) attachments, can decode base64, quoted-printable, uuencoded and binhex 4.0 (hqx) encodings.

8.1.28 Qmail-Scanner

Homepage: <http://qmail-scanner.sf.net/>

Supports: clamscan

Please increase the softlimit value if you are going to use it with clamscan.

8.1.29 qpsmtp

Homepage: <http://smtpd.develooper.com/>

Supports: clamscan

qpsmtpd is a flexible smtpd daemon written in Perl. Apart from the core SMTP features, all functionality is implemented in small "extension plugins" using the easy to use object oriented plugin API.

8.1.30 qscanq

Homepage: <http://budney.homeunix.net:8080/users/budney/software/qscanq/index.html>

Supports: clamscan

qscanq replaces qmail-queue. It initiates a scan (using clamscan or clamdscan) on an incoming email, and returns the exit status of the scanner or of qmail-queue to the caller.

8.1.31 qSheff

Homepage: <http://www.enderunix.org/qsheff>

Supports: clamdscan, clamd

The tool allows running anti-virus, body/subject/attachment filtering, user defined white/black lists, and alternative qmail logging. Supports ClamAV for virus checking.

8.1.32 RevolSys SMTP kit for Postfix

Homepage: <http://smtp.revolsys.org/>

Supports: ClamAV via amavisd-new

The RevolSyS SMTP kit for Postfix provides an antispam and antivirus tools installation. It uses amavisd-new, Spamassassin, ClamAV, and Razor. It aims to enhance an already-installed mail server running Postfix.

8.1.33 Sagator

Homepage: <http://www.salstar.sk/sagator/>

Supports: clamscan, clamd, libclamav

This program is an email antivirus/antispam gateway. It is an interface to the postfix (or any other smtpd), which runs antivirus and/or spamchecker. Its modular architecture can use any combination of antivirus/spamchecker according to configuration.

8.1.34 Scrubber

Homepage: <http://projects.gasperino.org/scrubber/>

Supports: libclamav

Scrubber is a server-side daemon for filtering mail content. It attempts to solve the issues that plague many server-side content filtering solutions such as extensibility, speed, SMTP-specific dependencies, and virtual hosting. The core of the project a client-server daemon that accepts raw content from SMTP-side client applications, breaking the message into MIME parts, and then sending the content through a series of loadable filter plugins to handle the message accordingly. The final message is sent back to the client-side programs for SMTP reinjection.

8.1.35 Secure Mail Intelligence!

Homepage: <http://www.m2smi.com/>

Supports: libclamav

SMI! is a server side e-mail protection solution that combines firewall elements, intrusion detection system, anti-virus and anti-spam modules. SMI! can use up to 7 anti-virus scanners (including ClamAV) at the same time and 3 different spam filtering engines. A built-in SMTP engine allows SMI! to directly send mail alerts. Other features include: Routing & Queuing Module, Disclaimer & Messages Module, Updater Module, Policy CheckModule, Mail Storage Module, Image Analysis Module, Cryptography Series and Mail Analysis. SMI! runs on Microsoft Windows 98/NT/2k/XP/2003 platforms (both Professional and Server releases), Linux (i586), OpenBSD, FreeBSD and Solaris 9 (x86 and SPARC) and supports almost all SMTP software including Lotus Domino and Microsoft Exchange. The daemon part based on libclamav is licensed under the GPL.

8.1.36 simscan

Homepage: <http://www.inter7.com/?page=simscan>

Supports: clamscan

Simscan is a mail filter for qmail, designed to block attachments during the SMTP conversation. It is open source and only uses open components. Very efficient (written in C).

8.1.37 SmarterMail Filter

Homepage: <http://www.efextra.com/smfilter.htm>

Supports: clamscan, clamd

SMFilter is a free plugin for SmarterMail Mail Server that provides antivirus scanning using ClamAV.

8.1.38 smf-clamd

Homepage: <http://smfs.sourceforge.net/smf-clamd.html>

Supports: clamd

SmartSendmailFilter-clamd is a lightweight filter for Sendmail. It's a small (less than 550 lines of C code), fast and very stable filter (production quality).

8.1.39 smtpfilter

Homepage: <http://www.gtoal.com/spam/smtpfilter.c.html>

Supports: clamscan

smtpfilter is a filter for an SMTP session which passes the session through transparently in real time, except for the DATA command which is intercepted in order to scan the data for spam and/or viruses.

8.1.40 smtp-gated

Homepage: <http://smtp-proxy.klolik.org/>

Supports: clamd

smtp-gated is a transparent SMTP proxy supporting: NAT on Linux (netfilter), NAT on FreeBSD (ipfw and others getsockopt-compatible), or dedicated mode (separate/external machine). DATA traffic is spooled in write-thru mode and then scanned for viruses or spam. The program is transparent for TLS connections.

8.1.41 smtp-vilter

Homepage: <http://www.etc.msys.ch/software/smtp-vilter/>

Supports: clamd

smtp-vilter is a high performance content filter for sendmail using the milter API. The software scans e-mail messages for viruses and drops or marks infected messages. ClamAV is the default scanner backend.

8.1.42 Zabit

Homepage: <http://www.enderunix.org/zabit>

Supports: clamscan

Zabit is a content and attachment filter for Qmail.

8.1.43 zmscanner

Homepage: <http://www.average.org/zmscanner/>

Supports: libclamav

Zmscanner is an extensible modular content filter for Zmailer and Sendmail. It is designed to be fast and efficient and thus suitable for high traffic mail systems.

8.2 MTA + POP3 Proxy + ClamAV

8.2.1 ClamMail

Homepage: <http://www.bransoft.com/>

Supports: libclamav

ClamMail is an anti-virus POP3 proxy for Windows.

8.2.2 POP3 Virus Scanner Daemon

Homepage: <http://p3scan.sourceforge.net/>

Supports: clamscan

This is a fully transparent proxy server for POP3-clients. It runs on a Linux box with iptables (for port redirection). It can be used to provide POP3 email scanning from the Internet, to any internal network and is ideal for helping to protect your Other OS LAN from harm, especially when used in conjunction with a firewall and other Internet Proxy servers.

8.2.3 pop3.proxy

Homepage: <http://quietsche-entchen.de/cgi-bin/wiki.cgi/proxies/Pop3Proxy>

Supports: clamd

pop3.proxy is a proxy server for the POP3 protocol. Usually it's used on a firewall between a client and a POP3 server taking care that both sides talk POP3 protocol as described in RFC 1939. There are some additional features beside normal proxying. pop3.proxy can grant or deny access based on an external access control program which receives some POP3 session information. pop3.proxy can also feed e-mails into a local ClamAV daemon checking the e-mails for viruses before passing them to the client.

8.3 *Web/FTP Proxy + ClamAV*

8.3.1 DansGuardian Anti-Virus Patch

Homepage: <http://www.harvest.com.br/asp/afn/dg.nsf>

Supports: clamscan

DG AntiVirus Patch is a GPL addon that takes the virus scanning capabilities of ClamAV and integrates them into the content filtering web proxy DansGuardian.

8.3.2 Frox

Homepage: <http://www.hollo.org/frox/>

Supports: clamscan

Frox is a transparent FTP proxy which is released under the GPL. It optionally supports caching (either through an external http cache (eg. squid), or by maintaining a cache locally), and/or running a virus scanner on downloaded files. It is written with security in mind, and in the default setup it runs as a non root user in a chroot jail.

8.3.3 HTTP Anti Virus Proxy

Homepage: <http://www.server-side.de/>

Supports: libclamav

HAVP is a proxy with an antivirus filter. It does not cache or filter content. At the moment the complete traffic is scanned. A reason for that is the chance of malicious code in nearly every filetypes e.g. HTML (JavaScript) or JPEG files.

8.3.4 mod_clamav

Homepage: http://software.othello.ch/mod_clamav/

Supports: libclamav, clamd

mod_clamav is an Apache virus scanning filter. It was written and is currently maintained by Andreas Muller.

8.3.5 ClamAV module for ProFTPD

Homepage: <http://www.uglyboxindustries.com/open-source.php>

Supports: libclamav

This is an add on module for ProFTPD that enables the FTP server to scan newly uploaded files for viruses, before allowing the file upload to complete. This is very valuable, as you, the administrator, can ensure that your FTP sites do not contain viruses uploaded by your users.

8.3.6 SafeSquid

Homepage: <http://www.safesquid.com/>

Supports: clamd

SafeSquid is one of the most feature rich Content Filtering Internet Proxies. It is an ideal content filter for other proxies like Squid, because it chains with them via request forwarding, ICAP, CARP, ICP. It has a browser based GUI for remote management, a powerful profiles feature to implement user, IP, network based multiple and unique policies. SafeSquid supports PAM and NTLM Authentication besides using any form of external databases, the use of URL Blacklists, to deliver category based content filtering besides, keyword, mime, header, cookie filtering. SafeSquid has an Advanced Bandwidth Management System, to create very granular enterprise and network wide bandwidth usage policies. SafeSquid Free Edition is not time or user-limited.

8.3.7 SquidClamAV Redirector

Homepage: http://www.jackal-net.at/tiki-read_article.php?articleId=1

Supports: libclamav

SquidClamAV Redirector is a Squid helper script which adds virus scanning for defined filename extensions. It has been tested with Python, pyclamav, ClamAV, and Squid. SCAVR handles the request as given from Squid, downloads the URL, and scans it for known viruses. It rewrites the URL from Squid to a blocked URL or an information page with information about the scanning results.

8.3.8 Squidclam

Homepage: <http://squidclam.sourceforge.net/>

Supports: libclamav

Squidclam is a replacement for SquidClamAV-Redirector.py written in C using libclamav and libcurl.

8.3.9 Viralator

Homepage: <http://viralator.sourceforge.net/>

Supports: clamscan

Viralator is a perl script that virus scans http downloads on a linux server after passing through the squid proxy server.

8.4 *Filesystem + ClamAV*

8.4.1 Dazuko

Homepage: <http://www.dazuko.org/>

Supports: clamuko

This project provides a kernel module, which provides 3d-party applications an interface for file access control. It was originally developed by H+BEDV Datentechnik GmbH to be used for on-access virus scanning. Other uses include a file-access monitor/logger or external security implementations. It operates by intercepting file-access calls and passing the file information to a 3rd-party application. The 3rd-party application then has the opportunity to tell the kernel module to allow or deny the file-access. The 3rd-party application also receives information about the file, type of access, process id, and user id.

8.4.2 Famuko

Homepage: <http://www.campana.vi.it/ottavio/Progetti/Famuko/>

Supports: libclamav

Famuko is an on-access scanner based on libfam and working in a userspace.

8.4.3 OpenAntiVirus samba-vscan

Homepage: <http://www.openantivirus.org/projects.php#samba-vscan>

Supports: clamd

samba-vscan provides on-access scanning of Samba shares. It supports Samba 2.2.x/3.0 with working virtual file system (VFS) support.

8.5 *Mail User Agent + ClamAV*

8.5.1 clamailfilter

Homepage: <http://quiston.tpsa.com/hacks/clamailfilter.shtml>

Supports: clamscan, clamdscan

clamailfilter is a Python script that provides anti-virus scanning via procmailrc.

8.5.2 ClamAssassin

Homepage: <http://drivel.com/clamassassin/>

Supports: clamscan

clamassassin is a simple script for virus scanning with clamscan which works similarly to spamassassin. It's designed for integration with procmail.

8.5.3 clamscan-procfilter

Homepage: <http://www.virtualblueness.net/~blueness/clamscan-procfilter/>

Supports: clamscan

A procmail filter for clamscan to work in conjunction with procmail. A new email field, X-CLAMAV, with all the viruses found, is generated in the email header.

8.5.4 KMail

Homepage: <http://kmail.kde.org/>

Supports: clamscan

KMail is a fully-featured email client that fits nicely into the K Desktop Environment, KDE. It supports attachment scanning with clamscan.

8.5.5 MyClamMailFilter

Homepage: <http://muncul0.w.interia.pl/projects.html#myclammailfilter>

Supports: clamscan

MyClamMailFilter is an e-mail filter for procmail or maildrop. When a virus is found, it renames attachments and modifies the subject. It can also rename potentially dangerous attachments looking at their extensions. The software is simple, fast and easy to customize.

8.5.6 OpenWebMail

Homepage: <http://openwebmail.com/openwebmail/>

Supports: clamscan

Open WebMail by default can use ClamAV as the external viruscheck module to scan messages fetched from pop3 servers or all incoming messages. If a message or its attachments is found to have virus, Open WebMail will move the message from INBOX to the VIRUS folder automatically.

8.5.7 QClam

Homepage: <http://sageshome.net/oss/qclam.php>

Supports: clamscan

QClam is a simple program to plug ClamAV antivirus to your QMail mailbox. It runs

from your `/.qmail` file, receives incoming messages from QMail and scans them using clamscan; if a virus found, it returns 99 to QMail telling it that the message should not be processed (and it just gets removed). QClam also writes results of scanning into log file: `/qclam`.

8.5.8 QMVC - Qmail Mail and Virus Control

Homepage: <http://www.fehcom.de/qmail/qmvc.html>

Supports: clamdscan, clamscan

QMVC is an unidirectional mail filter for qmail. It works in conjunction with the "dot-qmail" mechanism for qmail-local and is entirely designed for qmail (no additional patches required).

8.5.9 Sylpheed-Claws

Homepage: <http://claws.sylpheed.org/>

Supports: libclamav

Sylpheed-Claws is the extended branch of Sylpheed, a lightweight mail user agent for UNIX. It can scan attachments in mail received from POP/IMAP/local accounts using the Clam AntiVirus plugin. Preferences can be set under Configuration/Preferences/Plugins/Clam AntiVirus.

8.5.10 SoftlabsAV

Homepage: <http://antivirus.softlabs.info/>

Supports: clamscan

Softlabs AntiVirus is a generic anti-virus filter for incoming mail servers on Unix, running as plugin for procmail. In addition, it plugs to the Clam AntiVirus scanner (clamscan) if available.

8.6 Graphical User Interface + ClamAV

8.6.1 AVScan

Homepage: <http://wolfpack.twu.net/Endeavour2/contrib/index.html#avscan>

Supports: libclamav

AVScan is an anti-virus scanner for Endeavour Mark II that uses the ClamAV library. It allows you to create a list of scan items for frequently scanned locations and features easy virus database updating, all in a simple GUI environment.

8.6.2 BeClam

Homepage: <http://www.bebits.com/app/3930/>

Supports: ClamAV

BeClam is a port of ClamAV for the BeOS operating system.

8.6.3 Clamaktion

Homepage: <http://web.tiscali.it/rospolosco/clamaktion/>

Supports: clamscan

clamaktion is a little utility which allows KDE 3 users to scan files and directories with clamscan from the right-click Konqueror menu.

8.6.4 ClamShell

Homepage: <http://home.comcast.net/~schwalbrichard/>

Supports: clamscan

ClamShell is a GUI frontend, written in Java, for the Linux version of ClamAV.

8.6.5 ClamTk

Homepage: <http://www.rootshell.be/~phen0m/clamtk/>

Supports: ClamAV

ClamTk is a perl-tk GUI for ClamAV.

8.6.6 clamXav

Homepage: <http://www.markallan.co.uk/clamXav>

Supports: ClamAV

clamXav is a virus scanner with GUI for Mac OS X.

8.6.7 ClamWin

Homepage: <http://clamwin.sourceforge.net/>

Supports: clamscan, freshclam

ClamWin provides Graphical User Interface to Clam AntiVirus scanning engine. It allows to select and scan a folder or file, configure settings and update virus databases. It also includes a Windows Taskbar tray icon. ClamWin also features a context menu handler for Windows Explorer which installs Scan into the right-click explorer menu for files and folders. The package comes with an installer built with InnoSetup. Cygwin dlls are included.

8.6.8 FETCAV

Homepage: <http://www.thymox.uklinux.net/>

Supports: clamscan

FETCAV stands for Front End To Clam AntiVirus. It's a GUI interface to ClamAV and requires Xdialog.

8.6.9 KlamAV

Homepage: <http://sourceforge.net/projects/klamav/>

Supports: ClamAV

ClamAV Anti-Virus protection for the KDE desktop. The features include: 'on access' scanning, manual scanning, quarantine management, downloading updates, mail scanning (KMail/Evolution), automated installation (ClamAV and Dazuko pre-packaged).

8.6.10 QtClamAVclient

Homepage: <http://www.xystumnet.com/qtclamavclient.html>

Supports: clamd

A small client for ClamAV that uses the STREAM socket connection to a clamd server machine where the daemon is listening to locally scan files. It is based on the Qt Toolkit from Trolltech.

8.6.11 wbmclamav

Homepage: <http://wbmclamav.labs.libre-entreprise.org/>

Supports: ClamAV

wbmclamav is a Webmin module to manage Clam AntiVirus, written by Emmanuel Saracco.

8.7 *Library + ClamAV*

8.7.1 ClamAV-Sharp

Homepage: <http://clamav-sharp.pcode.nl/>

Supports: libclamav

Mono binding for ClamAV.

8.7.2 ClamAVPlugin

Homepage: <http://wiki.apache.org/spamassassin/ClamAVPlugin>

Supports: libclamav via File::Scan::ClamAV

A ClamAV plugin for SpamAssassin 3.x.

8.7.3 clamavr

Homepage: <http://raa.ruby-lang.org/list.rhtml?name=clamavr>

Supports: libclamav

Ruby binding for ClamAV.

8.7.4 D bindings for ClamAV

Homepage: http://dmd.kuehne.cn/diverse.html#clamav_d

Supports: ClamAV

ClamAV bindings for the D programming language (<http://digitalmars.com/d/>).

8.7.5 File::Scan::ClamAV

Homepage: <http://search.cpan.org/~cfaber/File-Scan-ClamAV-1.06/lib/File/Scan/ClamAV.pm>

Supports: clamd

Scan files and control clamd directly from Perl.

8.7.6 Mail::ClamAV

Homepage: <http://cpan.gossamer-threads.com/modules/by-authors/id/S/SA/SABECK/>

Supports: libclamav

Perl binding for ClamAV.

8.7.7 PHP ClamAV Lib

Homepage: <http://phpclamavlib.org/>

Supports: libclamav

PHP ClamAV Lib is a PHP extension that allows to incorporate virus scanning features in PHP scripts.

8.7.8 pyclamav

Homepage: <http://xael.org/norman/python/pyclamav/index.html>

Supports: libclamav

Python binding for ClamAV.

8.7.9 WRAVLib

Homepage: <http://www.wolfereiter.com/wravlib/>

Supports: clamscan, clamd

WRAVLib is an extensible integration library to provide a virus security counter measure for MONO/.NET applications. WRAVLib is written in pure C# and has been tested with Microsoft .NET 1.1 and Novell Mono 1.0.1.

8.8 *Miscellaneous + ClamAV*

8.8.1 INSERT

Homepage: http://www.inside-security.de/INSERT_en.html

Supports: ClamAV

INSERT (the Inside Security Rescue Toolkit) aims to be a multi-functional, multi-purpose disaster recovery and network analysis system. It boots from a credit card-sized CD-ROM and is basically a stripped-down version of Knoppix. It features good hardware detection, fluxbox, emelfm, links-hacked, ssh, tcpdump, nmap, chntpwd, and much more. It provides full read-write support for NTFS partitions (using captive), and the ClamAV virus scanner (including the signature database).

8.8.2 Local Area Security

Homepage: <http://www.localareasecurity.com/>

Supports: ClamAV

Local Area Security Linux is a Live CD distribution with a strong emphasis on security tools and small footprint. It can be used to run ClamAV from a CDROM.

8.8.3 mailgraph

Homepage: <http://people.ee.ethz.ch/~dws/software/mailgraph/>

Supports: clamd

mailgraph is a very simple mail statistics RRDtool frontend for Postfix that produces daily, weekly, monthly and yearly graphs of received/sent and bounced/rejected mail (SMTP traffic).

8.8.4 mailman-clamav

Homepage: <http://www.tummy.com/Software/mailman-clamav/>

Supports: clamd

This module includes a Mailman handler for scanning incoming messages through ClamAV. The handler allows Mailman to be configured to hold or discard messages which contain viruses. Particularly useful is the discard option, which prevents list administrators from having to manually deal with viruses.

8.8.5 Moodle

Homepage: <http://moodle.org/>

Supports: clamscan

Moodle is a course management system - a software package designed to help educators create quality online courses. It can use ClamAV to scan files submitted by students.

8.8.6 nclamd

Homepage: <http://www.kyzo.com/nclamd/>

Supports: libclamav

nclamd, nclamav-milter and nclamscan are rewritten versions of the original tools and use processes instead of threads, and ripMIME instead of the clamav built-in MIME decoder.

8.8.7 qmailmrtg7

Homepage: <http://www.inter7.com/qmailmrtg7/>

Supports: ClamAV

qmailmrtg7 utilizes qmail and tcpserver/multilog's extensive logging capabilities to create mrtg graphs. It efficiently processes the log files and can graph viruses found by ClamAV.

8.8.8 redWall Firewall

Homepage: <http://redwall.sourceforge.net/>

Supports: ClamAV

redWall is a bootable CD-ROM firewall which focuses on web-based reporting of the firewall's status. It supports virus filtering with amavisd-new and ClamAV.

8.8.9 Scan Log Analyzer

Homepage: <http://pandaemail.sourceforge.net/av-tools/>

Supports: ClamAV

Scan analyzer allows you to plot and view graphical representation of log data from virus logs of RAV, ClamAV and Vexira.

8.8.10 snort-inline

Homepage: <http://snort-inline.sourceforge.net/>

Supports: libclamav

snort-inline ships with a ClamAV preprocessor that will scan your network traffic for viruses. You can choose which protocols must be monitored. If a virus is detected, snort-inline can send a reset and drop the relative packets.

8.8.11 Snort-ClamAV

Homepage: <http://www.bleedingsnort.com/staticpages/index.php?page=snort-clamav>

Supports: libclamav

Snort-ClamAV scans data in packets for viruses.

9 Credits

9.1 Database mirrors

Thanks to the help of many companies and organisations we have a few dozens of very fast and reliable mirrors. Moreover, our advanced push-mirroring mechanism allows database maintainers to update all of them in less than one minute!

Mirror	IP	Location	Administrator
clamav.power-netz.de	212.162.12.159	Dusseldorf, Germany	Andreas Gietl <a.gietl*e-admin.de>
clamav.essentkabel.com	195.85.130.84	Netherlands	Chris van Meerendonk <mirror*essentkabel.com>
clamav.inet6.fr	62.210.153.201 62.210.153.202	France	Lionel Bouton <clamavdb*inet6.fr>
clamav.netopia.pt	193.126.14.29	Portugal	Miguel Bettencourt Dias <mbd*netopia.pt>
clamav.sonic.net	209.204.175.217	USA	Kelsey Cummings <kgc*sonic.net>
clamav.gossamer-threads.com	64.69.64.158	Canada	Alex Krohn <mirrors*gossamer-threads.com>
clamav.catt.com	64.18.100.4	USA	Mike Cathey <mirrors*catt.com>
db.clamav.or.id	202.134.0.71	Indonesia	Fajar Nugraha <fajar*telkom.co.id>
clamav-du.viaverio.com	199.239.233.95	USA	Scott Wiersdorf <scott*perlcode.org>
clamav-sj.viaverio.com	128.121.60.235	USA	Scott Wiersdorf <scott*perlcode.org>
clamavdb.heanet.ie	193.1.193.64	Ireland	Colm MacCarthaigh <mirrors*heanet.ie>
clamav.crysys.hu	152.66.249.132	Hungary	Bencsath Boldizsar <boldi*mail2004.crysys.hit.bme.hu>
clamav.infotex.com	66.139.73.146	Texas, USA	Matthew Jonkman <matt*infotex.com>
clamav.mirror.transip.nl	80.69.67.3	The Netherlands	Walter Hop <walter*transip.nl>
clamavdb.osj.net	218.44.253.75	Japan	Masaki Ikeda <masaki*orange.co.jp>
clamav.ialfa.net	210.22.201.152	People's Republic of China	Alfa Shen <alfa*ialfa.net>
clamavdb.ikk.sztaki.hu	193.225.12.21	Hungary	Gabor Kiss <kissg*debella.ikk.sztaki.hu>
clamav.mirrors.nks.net	24.73.112.74	Florida, USA	James Neal <clam-admin*nks.net>
clamav.kratern.se	212.31.160.239	Sweden	Emil Ljungdahl <emil*kratern.se>
clamav.dif.dk	193.138.115.108	Denmark	Jesper Juhl <juhl*dif.dk>
clamav.dbplc.com	217.154.108.81	United Kingdom	Simon Pither <simon*digitalbrain.com>

Mirror	IP	Location	Administrator
clamav.unet.brandeis.edu	129.64.99.170	USA	Elliot Kendall <ekendall*brandeis.edu>
clamav.iml.net	65.77.42.207	Florida, US	Dmitri Pavlenkov <dmitri*iml.com>
clamdb.prolocation.net	213.73.255.243	The Netherlands	Raymond Dijkxhoorn <raymond*prolocation.net>
clamav.walkertek.com	38.136.139.7	USA	Stephen Walker <swalker*walkertek.com>
clamav.mirror.rafal.ca	24.215.0.24	Burlington, Ontario, Canada	Rafal Rzczkowski <webmaster*mirror.rafal.ca>
clamav.securityminded.net	209.8.40.140	Ashburn, USA	Thomas Petersen <tomp*securityminded.net>
clamav.iol.cz	194.228.2.38	Czech Republic	Lenka Sevcikova <lenka.sevcikova*ct.cz>
clamav.securitywonks.net	66.197.159.213	USA	D. Raghu Veer <clamav*zyserver.net>
clamav.pcn.de	213.203.254.4	Hamburg, Germany	Karsten Gessner <karsten*pcn.de>
clamav.enderunix.org	193.140.143.23	Turkey	Omer Faruk Sen <ofsen*enderunix.org>
clamav.spod.org	195.92.99.99	United Kingdom	Ian Kirk <blob*blob.co.uk>
clamav.intercom.net.ua	83.218.226.76	Ukraine	Artie Missirov <kadjy*intercom.net.ua>
clamav.mirror.vutbr.cz	147.229.3.16	Czech Republic	Tomas Kreuzwieser <mirror-adm*cis.vutbr.cz>
database.clamav.ps.pl	212.14.28.36	Poland	Adam Popik <adam*popik.pl>
clamav.univ-nantes.fr	193.52.101.131	France	Yann Dupont <yann.dupont*univ-nantes.fr>
clamav.blackroute.net	64.246.44.108	Texas, USA	Maarten Van Horenbeeck <maarten*daemon.be>
clamavdb.mithril-linux.org	211.10.155.48	Japan	Hideki Yamane <henrich*samba.gr.jp>
clamavdb.planetmirror.com	203.16.234.78	Australia	Jason Andrade <support*planetmirror.com>
clamav.pathlink.com	129.250.169.81	USA	Kachun Lee <kachun*pathlink.com>

Mirror	IP	Location	Administrator
clamav.mirror.camelnetwork.com	213.230.200.242	UK	Chris Burton <clamav.mirror*camelnetwork.com>
clamav.unnet.nl	62.133.206.90	Netherlands	Cliff Albert <cliff*unilogicnetworks.net>
clamav.easynet.fr	212.180.1.29	France	Jean-Louis Bergamo <mailadmin*easynet.fr>
clamav.edebri.com	216.24.174.245	USA	Edward Kujawski <ed*hp.uab.edu>
clamav.inoc.net	64.246.134.133	USA	Robert Blayzor <noc*inoc.net>
clamavdb.hostlink.com.hk	210.245.160.22	Hong Kong	Alex Fong <alexfl*hostlink.com.hk>
clamav.clearfield.com	65.110.48.11	USA	Jean-Francois Pirus <jfp*clearfield.com>
clamav.oltrelinux.com	194.242.226.43	Italy	Luca Gibelli <l.gibelli*oltrelinux.com>
xarch.clamav.net	129.27.62.129	Austria	Reini Urban <rurban*x-ray.at>
clamav.linux.it	213.92.8.5	Italy	Marco d'Itri <md*linux.it>
clamav.eastweb.ru	213.219.245.4	Russia	Leonid Novikov <lenni*eastweb.ru>
clamav.mirrors.webpartner.dk	195.184.96.15	Denmark	Nicolai Gylling <nsg*webpartner.dk> Lasse Brandt <lb*webpartner.dk>
mirror.etf.bg.ac.yu	147.91.8.58	Belgrade, Serbia and Montenegro	Ljubisa Radivojevic <ljubisa*etf.bg.ac.yu>
clamav.bridgeband.net	63.166.28.8	Montana, USA	Mikel Bauer <mikel*bridgeband.net>
clamav.mirror.waycom.net	195.214.240.53	France	Frederic Deletang <fd*waycom.net>
clamav.cryms.info	194.29.5.19	Lugano, Switzerland	Lorenzo Patocchi <lorenzo.patocchi*cryms.com>
clamav.host.bg	87.120.40.28	Bulgaria	Anton Titov <a.titov*host.bg>
clamav.yukiguni.net	219.127.68.136	Japan	Takehisa Obata <indytech*yukiguni.net>
clamav.begi.net	219.106.242.51	Japan	Hiromichi Itou <ito*begi.net>
clamav.meiwing.com	210.245.226.117	Hong Kong	Thomas Koo <thomas*meiwing.com>
clamav.unix.su	62.181.41.8	Russian Federation	Konstantin A. Mikhailov <kam*unix.su>

Mirror	IP	Location	Administrator
clamav.mirror.pacific.net.au	61.8.0.16	Australia	Martin Foster <mirror-team*pacific.net.au>
clamavdb.mirrors.net.ru	212.16.26.185	Russia	Andrew V. Kovalev <mirrors*mirrors.net.ru>
clamav.cbn.net.id	202.158.56.242	Indonesia	Riv Octovahriz <riv*cbn.net.id>
clamav.forthnet.gr	193.92.150.194	Greece	Nick Katsamas <virus_admin*forthnet.gr>
fuxhausen.tiscali.de	62.26.160.3	Germany	Elke Hahnen <elke.hahnen*de.tiscali.com>
clamav.theshell.com	65.120.238.5	USA	Peter Avalos <pavalos*theshell.com>
clamav.inode.at	81.223.20.171	Austria	Michael Renner <mirror*inode.at>
clamav.cpss.edu.hk	218.189.210.14	Hong Kong	Wan Pui Wa <puiwa*cpss.edu.hk>
clamav.ironotec.com	66.111.55.10	Tampa, USA	Iker Sagasti Markina <iker*ironotec.com>
idea.sec.dico.unimi.it	159.149.155.69	Italy	Lorenzo Martignoni <lorenzo*cert-it.dico.unimi.it>
clamav.cs.pu.edu.tw	140.128.9.18	Taiwan	Hsun-Chang Chang <hcchang*cs.pu.edu.tw>
clamav.skynet.cz	193.165.254.12	Czech Republic	Jaroslav Jurasek <jaroslav.jurasek*skynet.cz>
clamav.ubak.gov.tr	212.174.131.2	Turkey	Ali Erdinc Koroglu <erdinc*erdinc.info>
clamav.ecualinux.com	66.111.57.40	Ecuador	E. Perez Estevez <info*ecualinux.com>
clamav.oc1.mirrors.redwire.net	64.186.250.53	USA	Japheth Cleaver <mirror*redwire.net>
clamav.edpnet.net	212.71.0.71	Belgium	Daan Kerkhofs <d.kerkhofs*edpnet.net>
clamav.edgescape.com	67.19.5.178	USA	Timothy Folks <timothy.folks*edgescape.com>
clamav.hanbiro.com	211.234.111.17	Korea	Kwon Taek Sool <master*hanbiro.com>
clamav.vtu.lt	193.219.149.170	Lithuania	Eugenijus J. <ejs*ar.vtu.lt>
clamav.ftpproxy.org	195.246.234.199	Germany	Andreas Schoenberg <asg*ftpproxy.org>
clamav.iasi.roedu.net	192.129.4.120	Romania	Subredu Manuel <ftpadmin*iasi.roedu.net>
clamav.infonet.ee	212.7.0.71	Estonia	Konstantin Barinov <sbr*infonet.ee>
clamav.savework.de	85.214.44.186	Germany	Kai-H. Weutzing <clamavdb*savework.de>

Mirror	IP	Location	Administrator
clamav.citrin.ru	213.248.60.121	Russia	Anton Yuzhaninov <citrin*citrin.ru>
clamav.paralax.org	83.148.101.196	Bulgaria	Svetoslav Vesselkoff <soho*paralax.org>
clamav.linux.pt	194.65.79.153	Portugal	Jose Celestino <japc*co.sapo.pt>
clamav.liquidweb.com	209.59.139.38	USA	Steven Collins <scollins*liquidweb.com>
clamav.xs4all.nl	194.109.6.74	Netherlands	Eric Veldhuyzen <ericv*xs4all.net>
switch.clamav.net	130.59.10.35	Switzerland	Thomas Lenggenhager <lenggenhager*switch.ch>
clamav.public-internet.co.uk	195.85.245.20	London, United Kingdom	Tom Beard <tom.beard*public-internet.co.uk>
clamav.mainloop.se	192.71.58.30	Sweden	Thomas Althoff <thomas*mainloop.se>
clamav.dc.hu	195.228.75.149	Hungary	Bencsath Boldizsar <boldi*mail2004.crysys.hit.bme.hu>
clamav.mirror.myeps.de	193.239.17.68	Germany	Thomas Schwanhaeuser <thomas.schwanhaeuser*aps-web.de>
clamav.s-lines.net	61.205.61.201	Japan	Tatsuya Ueda <tatsuya*staff.s-lines.net>
clamav.mcs.de	194.77.146.139	Germany	Christian Kuehn <christian.kuehn*mcs.de>
clamav.mirror.fizzelpark.com	85.25.252.58	Germany	Thilo Bangert <bangert*fizzelpark.com>
clamav.talika.eii.us.es	150.214.142.249	Spain	Javier Miguel Rodriguez <javier.miguel*talika.eii.us.es>
clamav.nara.wide.ad.jp	203.178.137.175	Japan	Yoshiaki Saita <ftp-admin*is.naist.jp>
clamavdb.ml-club.jp	219.117.246.122	Japan	Takahiro Morizono <morizono*coop.kadai.ne.jp>
clamav.packetstorm.nu	213.222.11.220	The Netherlands	Niek Baakman <niek*asbak.coding-slaves.com>
clamav.mirror.garr.it	193.206.139.37	Italy	Enrico Cavalli <mirror-service*garr.it>
clamav.uoc.gr	147.52.3.167	Greece	Kissandrakis S. George <kissand*ucnet.uoc.gr>
clamav.wtnet.de	213.209.100.191	Germany	Fabian Caspers <fabian*lug-norderstedt.de>
clamav.df.lth.se	194.47.250.218	Sweden	Rune Anderson <rpa*df.lth.se>
clamav.gueth.net	217.160.141.39	Germany	Volker Gueth <volker*gueth.net>

Mirror	IP	Location	Administrator
b.clamav.mirror.fizzelpark.com	217.115.136.170	Germany	Thilo Bangert <bangert*fizzelpark.com>
clamav.dg.net.ua	213.186.196.225	Ukraine	Oleksandr V. Typlynskyi <clamavdb*dg.net.ua>
clamav.i24horas.com.br	200.242.49.19	Brazil	Renato Lins <renato-clamav*autoservico.com>
clamav.gva.es	82.159.137.16	Spain	Jose Antonio Amador <jamador*gva.es>
clamav.industrium.ru	83.222.15.190	Russia	Igor Shergin <igor*shergin.ru>
clamav.myriadnetwork.com	209.9.235.98	USA	Thomas Petersen <tomp*myriadnetwork.com>
clamav.kazar.org	193.218.105.9	France	Xavier Beaudouin <kiwi*kazar.org>
clamav.lie-comtel.li	217.173.238.34	Liechtenstein	Roland Guthauser <roland.guthauser*lie-comtel.li>
ftp.ucr.ac.cr	163.178.101.17	Costa Rica	Mario A. Guerra <mguerra*ucr.ac.cr>
clamav.iwasno.net	213.9.78.42	Germany	J.Fossy Weininger <fossy*iwasno.net>
clamav.ftp.genotec.ch	82.195.234.73	Switzerland	Gianpaolo Del Matto <noc*genotec.ch>
clamav.bkbhosting.com	66.98.242.116	US	Benjamin Ball <bball*bkb.net.au>
clamavdb2.ml-club.jp	203.212.42.128	Japan	Takahiro Morizono <morizono at coop.kadai.ne.jp>
4most1.clamav.ialfa.net	58.221.253.171	People's Republic of China	Alfa Shen <alfa*ialfa.net>
clamav.hostway.co.kr	211.239.150.206	Korea	Hoon Kim <hkim*hostway.co.kr>
clamav.doubleukay.com	202.71.97.92	Malaysia	Woon Wai Keen <doubleukay*doubleukay.com>
clamav.archidiecezja.katowice.pl	212.106.154.2	Poland	Artur Klimek <artk*archidiecezja.katowice.pl>
clamav.dcux.com	61.129.102.109	Shanghai, China	Chun Xin Lee <chunxin*osslab.org>
linkfirew.uncg.edu	152.13.144.243	US	Vijay Sarvepalli <vssarvepat*uncg.edu>
db.ezhik.org.ru	217.147.29.149	Russia	Syrnikov Alexei <san*ezhik.org.ru>
clamav.codefrog.dk	82.103.132.91	Denmark	Lasse Brandt <lasse*codefrog.dk>
clamav.lmta.lt	193.219.48.134	Lithuania	Rimas Kudelis <clamavdb*lmta.lt>
clamav.teleservice.net	85.30.129.18	Sweden	Philip Olsson <philip*teleservice.net>
at1.clamav.ialfa.net	218.91.250.62	People's Republic of China	Alfa Shen <alfa*ialfa.net>
clamav.cytanet.com.cy	195.14.157.59	Cyprus	Stylianou Stylianou <systems*cytanet.com.cy>
clamav.sran.net	203.146.252.190	Thailand	Kiattisak Somwong <kiattisak*gbtech.co.th>
clamav.mirror.omroep.nl	145.58.27.103 145.58.27.103	The Netherlands	Maarten de Vries <beheer*omroep.nl>
clamav.ulak.net.tr	193.140.100.10	Turkey	Onur Bektas <ftpadm at ulak.net.tr>

9.2 Contributors

The following people contributed to our project in some way (providing patches, bug reports, technical support, documentation, good ideas...):

- Clint Adams <schizo*debian.org>
- Sergey Y. Afonin <asy*kraft-s.ru>
- Robert Allerstorfer <roal*anet.at>
- Claudio Alonso <cfalonso*yahoo.com>
- Kevin Amarin <kamorin*ccs.neu.edu>
- Kamil Andrusz <wizz*mniam.net>
- Tayfun Asker <tasker*metu.edu.tr>
- Jean-Edouard Babin <Jeb*jeb.com.fr>
- Marc Baudoin <babafou*babafou.eu.org>
- Scott Beck <sbeck*gossamer-threads.com>
- Rolf Eike Beer <eike*mail.math.uni-mannheim.de>
- Rene Bellora <rbellora*tecnoaccion.com.ar>
- Carlo Marcelo Arenas Belon <carenas*sajinet.com.pe>
- Joseph Benden <joe*thrallingpenguin.com>
- Hilko Bengen <bengen*vdst-ka.inka.de>
- Hank Beatty <hbeatty*starband.net>
- Alexandre Biancalana <ale*seudns.net>
- Patrick Bihan-Faou <patrick*mindstep.com>
- Martin Blapp <mb*imp.ch>
- Dale Blount <dale*velocity.net>
- Serge van den Boom <svdb*stack.nl>
- Oliver Brandmueller <ob*e-Gitt.NET>

- Boguslaw Brandys <brandys*o2.pl>
- Igor Brezac <igor*ipass.net>
- Mike Brudenell <pmb1*york.ac.uk>
- Brian Bruns <bruns*2mbit.com>
- Len Budney <lbudney*pobox.com>
- Matt Butt <mattb*cre8tiv.com>
- Christopher X. Candreva <chris*westnet.com>
- Eric I. Lopez Carreon <elopezc*technitrade.com>
- Ales Casar <casar*uni-mb.si>
- Andrey Cherezov <andrey*cherezov.koenig.su>
- Alex Cherney <alex*cher.id.au>
- Tom G. Christensen <tgc*statsbiblioteket.dk>
- Nicholas Chua <nicholas*ncmbox.net>
- Chris Conn <cconn*abacom.com>
- Christoph Cordes <ib*precompiled.de>
- Ole Craig <olc*cs.umass.edu>
- Eugene Crosser <crosser*rol.ru>
- Calin A. Culianu <calin*ajvar.org>
- Damien Curtain <damien*pagefault.org>
- Krisztian Czako <slapic*linux.co.hu>
- Diego d'Ambra <da*softcom.dk>
- Michael Dankov <misha*btrc.ru>
- Yuri Dario <mc6530*mclink.it>
- David <djgardner*users.sourceforge.net>
- Maxim Dounin <mdounin*rambler-co.ru>

- Alejandro Dubrovsky <s328940*student.uq.edu.au>
- James P. Dugal <jpd*louisiana.edu>
- Magnus Ekdahl <magnus*debian.org>
- Mehmet Ekiz <ekizm*tbmm.gov.tr>
- Jens Elkner <elkner*linofee.org>
- Fred van Engen <fred*wooha.org>
- Jason Englander <jason*englanders.cc>
- Oden Eriksson <oeriksson*mandrakesoft.com>
- Daniel Fahlgren <fahlgren*ardendo.se>
- Andy Fiddaman <af*jeamland.org>
- Edison Figueira Junior <edison*brc.com.br>
- David Ford <david+cert*blue-labs.org>
- Martin Forssen <maf*appgate.com>
- Brian J. France <list*firehawksystems.com>
- Free Oscar <freeoscar*wp.pl>
- Martin Fuxa <yeti*email.cz>
- Piotr Gackiewicz <gacek*intertele.pl>
- Jeremy Garcia <jeremy*linuxquestions.org>
- Dean Gaudet <dean-clamav*arctic.org>
- Michel Gaudet <Michel.Gaudet*ehess.fr>
- Philippe Gay <ph.gay*free.fr>
- Nick Gazaloff <nick*sbin.org>
- Geoff Gibbs <ggibbs*hgmp.mrc.ac.uk>
- Luca 'NERvOus' Gibelli <nervous*nervous.it>
- Scott Gifford <sgifford*suspectclass.com>

- Wieslaw Glod <wkg*x2.pl>
- Stephen Gran <steve*lobefin.net>
- Koryn Grant <koryn*endace.com>
- Matthew A. Grant <grantma*anathoth.gen.nz>
- Christophe Grenier <grenier*cgsecurity.org>
- Marek Gutkowski <hobbit*core.segfault.pl>
- Jason Haar <Jason.Haar*trimble.co.nz>
- Hrvoje Habjanic <hrvoje.habjanic*zg.hinet.hr>
- Michal Hajduczenia <michalis*mat.uni.torun.pl>
- Jean-Christophe Heger <jcheger*acytec.com>
- Martin Heinz <Martin*hemag.ch>
- Kevin Heneveld” <kevin*northstar.k12.ak.us>
- Anders Herbjornsen <andersh*gar.no>
- Paul Hoadley <paulh*logixsquad.net>
- Robert Hogan <robert*roberthogan.net>
- Przemyslaw Holowczyc <doozer*skc.com.pl>
- Thomas W. Holt Jr. <twh*cohesive.net>
- James F. Hranicky <jfh*cise.ufl.edu>
- Douglas J Hunley <doug*hunley.homeip.net>
- Kurt Huwig <kurt*iku-netz.de>
- Andy Igoshin <ai*vsu.ru>
- Michal Jaegermann <michal*harddata.com>
- Jay <sysop-clamav*coronastreet.net>
- Stephane Jeannenot <stephane.jeannenot*wanadoo.fr>
- Per Jessen <per*computer.org>

- Dave Jones <dave*kalkbay.co.za>
- Jesper Juhl <juhl*dif.dk>
- Kamil Kaczowski <kamil*kamil.eisp.pl>
- Alex Kah <alex*narfonix.com>
- Stefan Kaltenbrunner <stefan*kaltenbrunner.cc>
- Lloyd Kamara <l.kamara*imperial.ac.uk>
- Stefan Kanthak <stefan.kanthak*fujitsu-siemens.com>
- Kazuhiko <kazuhiko*fdiary.net>
- Jeremy Kitchen <kitchen*scriptkitchen.com>
- Tomasz Klim <tomek*euroneto.pl>
- Robbert Kouprie <robbert*exx.nl>
- Martin Kraft <martin.kraft*fal.de>
- Petr Kristof <Kristof.P*fce.vutbr.cz>
- Henk Kuipers <henk*opensourcesolutions.nl>
- Nigel Kukard <nkukard*lbsd.net>
- Eugene Kurmanin <smfs*users.sourceforge.net>
- Dr Andrzej Kurpiel <akurpiel*mat.uni.torun.pl>
- Mark Kushinsky <mark*mdspc.com>
- Mike Lambert <lambert*jeol.com>
- Thomas Lamy <Thomas.Lamy*in-online.net>
- Stephane Leclerc <sleclerc*aliastec.net>
- Marty Lee <marty*maui.co.uk>
- Dennis Leeuw <dleeuw*made-it.com>
- Martin Lesser <admin-debian*bettercom.de>
- Peter N Lewis <peter*stairways.com.au>

- Matt Leyda <mfleyda*e-one.com>
- James Lick <jlick*drivel.com>
- Jerome Limozin <jerome*limozin.net>
- Mike Loewen <mloewen*sturgeon.cac.psu.edu>
- Roger Lucas <roger*planbit.co.uk>
- David Luyer <david_luyer*pacific.net.au>
- Richard Lyons <frob-clamav*webcentral.com.au>
- David S. Madole <david*madole.net>
- Thomas Madsen <tm*softcom.dk>
- Bill Maidment <bill*maidment.com.au>
- Joe Maimon <jmaimon*ttec.com>
- David Majorel <dm*lagoon.nc>
- Andrey V. Malyshev <amal*krasn.ru>
- Fukuda Manabu <fukuda*cri-mw.co.jp>
- Stefan Martig <sm*officeco.ch>
- Alexander Marx <mad-ml*madness.at>
- Andreas Marx (<http://www.av-test.org/>)
- Chris Masters <cmasters*insl.co.uk>
- Fletcher Mattox <fletcher*cs.utexas.edu>
- Serhiy V. Matveyev <matveyev*uatele.com>
- Reinhard Max <max*suse.de>
- Brian May <bam*debian.org>
- Ken McKittrick <klmac*usadatanet.com>
- Chris van Meerendonk <cvm*castel.nl>
- Andrey J. Melnikoff <temnota*kmv.ru>

- Damian Menscher <menscher*uiuc.edu>
- Jasper Metselaar <jasper*formmailer.net>
- Arkadiusz Miskiewicz <misiek*pld-linux.org>
- Ted Mittelstaedt <tedm*toybox.placo.com>
- Mark Mielke <mark*mark.mielke.cc>
- John Miller <contact*glideslopesoftware.co.uk>
- Jo Mills <Jonathan.Mills*frequentis.com>
- Dustin Mollo <dustin.mollo*sonoma.edu>
- Remi Mommsen <remigius.mommsen*cern.ch>
- Doug Monroe <doug*planetconnect.com>
- Alex S Moore <asmoore*edge.net>
- Tim Morgan <tim*sentinelchicken.org>
- Dirk Mueller <muellder*kde.org>
- Flinn Mueller <flinn*activeintra.net>
- Hendrik Muhs <Hendrik.Muhs*student.uni-magdeburg.de>
- Simon Munton <simon*munton.demon.co.uk>
- Farit Nabiullin <http://program.farit.ru/>
- Nemosoft Unv. <nemosoft*smcc.demon.nl>
- Wojciech Noworyta <wnow*konarski.edu.pl>
- Jorgen Norgaard <jnp*anneli.dk>
- Fajar A. Nugraha <fajar*telkom.co.id>
- Joe Oaks <joe.oaks*hp.com>
- Washington Odhiambo <wash*wananchi.com>
- Masaki Ogawa <proc*mac.com>
- John Ogness <jogness*antivir.de>

- Phil Oleson <oz*nixil.net>
- Jan Ondrej <ondrej*salstar.sk>
- Martijn van Oosterhout <kleptog*svana.org>
- OpenAntiVirus Team (<http://www.OpenAntiVirus.org/>)
- Tomasz Papszun <tomek*lodz.tpsa.pl>
- Eric Parsonage <eric*eparsonage.com>
- Oliver Paukstadt <pstadt*stud.fh-heilbronn.de>
- Christian Pelissier <Christian.Pelissier*onera.fr>
- Rudolph Pereira <rudolph*usyd.edu.au>
- Ed Phillips <ed*UDeL.Edu>
- Andreas Piesk <Andreas.Piesk*heise.de>
- Mark Pizzolato <clamav-devel*subscriptions.pizzolato.net>
- Dean Plant <dean.plant*roke.co.uk>
- Alex Pleiner <pleiner*zeitform.de>
- Ant La Porte <ant*dvere.net>
- Jef Poskanzer <jef*acme.com>
- Christophe Poujol <Christophe.Poujol*atosorigin.com>
- Sergei Pronin <sp*finndesign.fi>
- Thomas Quinot <thomas*cuivre.fr.eu.org>
- Ed Ravin <eravin*panix.com>
- Robert Rebbun <robert*desertsurf.com>
- Brian A. Reiter <breiter*wolfereiter.com>
- Didi Rieder <adrieder*sbox.tugraz.at>
- Pavel V. Rochnyack <rpv*fsf.tsu.ru>
- Rupert Roesler-Schmidt <r.roesler-schmidt*uplink.at>

- David Sanchez <dsanchez*veloxia.com>
- David Santinoli <david*santinoli.com>
- Vijay Sarvepalli <vssarvep*office.uncg.edu>
- Martin Schitter
- Theo Schlossnagle <jesus*omniti.com>
- Enrico Scholz <enrico.scholz*informatik.tu-chemnitz.de>
- Karina Schwarz <k.schwarz*uplink.at>
- Scsi <scsi*softland.ru>
- Dr Matthew J Seaman <m.seaman*infracaninophile.co.uk>
- Hector M. Rulot Segovia <Hector.Rulot*uv.es>
- Omer Faruk Sen <ofsen*enderunix.org>
- Sergey <a_s_y*sama.ru>
- Tuomas Silen <tuomas.silen*nodeta.fi>
- David F. Skoll <dfs*roaringpenguin.com>
- Al Smith <ajs+clamav*aeschi.ch.eu.org>
- Sergey Smitienko <hunter*comsys.com.ua>
- Solar Designer <solar*openwall.com>
- Joerg Sonnenberger <joerg*britannica.bec.de>
- Kevin Spicer <kevin*kevinspicer.co.uk>
- GertJan Spoelman <cav*gjs.cc>
- Ole Stanstrup <ole*stanstrup.dk>
- Adam Stein <adam*scan.mc.xerox.com>
- Steve <steveb*webtribe.net>
- Richard Stevenson <richard*endace.com>
- Sven Strickroth <sstrickroth*gym-oha.de>

- Matt Sullivan <matt*sullivan.gen.nz>
- Dr Zbigniew Szewczak <zssz*mat.uni.torun.pl>
- Joe Talbott <joseph*tstone.net>
- Gernot Tenchio <g.tenchio*telco-tech.de>
- Masahiro Teramoto <markun*onohara.to>
- Daniel Theodoro <dtheodoro*ig.com.br>
- Ryan Thompson <clamav*sasknow.com>
- Gianluigi Tiesi <sherpya*netfarm.it>
- Yar Tikhii <yar*comp.chem.msu.su>
- Andrew Toller <atoller*connectfree.co.uk>
- Michael L. Torrie <torriem*chem.byu.edu>
- Trashware <trashware*gmx.net>
- Matthew Trent <mtrent*localaccess.com>
- Reini Urban <rurban*x-ray.at>
- Daniel Mario Vega <dv5a*dc.uba.ar>
- Denis Vlasenko <vda*ilport.com.ua>
- Laurent Wacrenier <lwa*teaser.fr>
- Charlie Watts <cewatts*brainstorminternet.net>
- Florian Weimer <fw*deneb.enyo.de>
- Paul Welsh <paul*welshfamily.com>
- Nicklaus Wicker <n.wicker*cnk-networks.de>
- David Woakes <david*mitredat.co.uk>
- Troy Wollenslegel <troy*intranet.org>
- ST Wong <st-wong*cuhk.edu.hk>
- Dale Woolridge <dwoolridge*drh.net>

- David Wu <dyw*iohk.com>
- Takumi Yamane <yamtak*b-session.com>
- Youza Youzovic <youza*post.cz>
- Anton Yuzhaninov <citrin*rambler-co.ru>
- Leonid Zeitlin <lz*europa.com>
- ZMan Z. <x86zman*go-a-way.dyndns.org>
- Andoni Zubimendi <andoni*lpsat.net>

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9.4 Graphics

The authors of the nice ClamAV logo (look at the title page) and other graphics are Mia Kalenius and Sergei Pronin <sp*finndesign.fi> from Finndesign <http://www.finndesign.fi/>

9.5 OpenAntiVirus

Our database includes the virus database (about 7000 signatures) from <http://OpenAntiVirus.org>

10 Authors

- aCaB <acab*clamav.net>, Italy
Role: virus database maintainer, coder
- Boguslaw Brandys <bbrandys*clamav.net>, Poland
Role: temporarily inactive
- Mike Cathey <mike*clamav.net>, USA
Role: co-sysadmin
- Christoph Cordes <ccordes*clamav.net>, Germany
Role: virus database maintainer
- Diego d'Ambra <diego*clamav.net>, Denmark
Role: virus database maintainer
- Jason Englander <jason*clamav.net>, USA
Role: inactive
- Luca Gibelli <luca*clamav.net>, Italy
Role: sysadmin, mirror coordinator

- Nigel Horne <njh*clamav.net>, United Kingdom
Role: coder
- Arnaud Jacques <arnaud*clamav.net>, France
Role: virus database maintainer
- Tomasz Kojm <tkojm*clamav.net>, Poland
Role: project leader, coder
- Thomas Lamy <tlamy*clamav.net>, Germany
Role: inactive
- Thomas Madsen <tmadsen*clamav.net>, Denmark
Role: inactive
- Denis De Messemacker <ddm*clamav.net>, Belgium
Role: inactive
- Tomasz Papszun <tomek*clamav.net>, Poland
Role: various help
- Sven Strickroth <sven*clamav.net>, Germany
Role: virus database maintainer, virus submission management
- Edvin Torok <edwin*clamav.net>, Romania
Role: coder
- Trog <trog*clamav.net>, United Kingdom
Role: coder